

ДОДАТКИ

Додаток А
(Обов'язковий)

ПРОГРАМНИЙ КОД ОБРОБНИКА ЧЕРГИ

ЛІСТИНГ 1. main.go

```

package telemetry

import (
    "context"
    "log"
    "encoding/json"
    "time"

    "cloud.google.com/go/bigquery"
)

var client *bigquery.Client

//Record represents database struct
type Record struct {
    DeviceId string
    Timestamp string
    Data    string
}

//Save describes how struct should be saved to database
func (r *Record) Save() (map[string]bigquery.Value, string, error) {
    return map[string]bigquery.Value{
        "DeviceId": r.DeviceId,
        "Timestamp": r.Timestamp,
        "Data":    r.Data,
    }, "", nil
}

//PubSubMessage represents Pub/Sub message struc
type PubSubMessage struct {
    Data    []byte `json:"data"`
    Attributes map[string]string
}

//init initialize BigQuery client
func init() {
    var err error
    client, err = bigquery.NewClient(context.Background(), "project-id")
    if err != nil {
        log.Fatalf("bigquery.NewClient: %v", err)
    }
}

//HandleTelemetry handle message from Pub/Sub
func HandleTelemetry(ctx context.Context, m PubSubMessage) error {
    var d string

```

```

err := json.Unmarshal(m.Data, &d)
if err != nil {
    log.Fatal(err)
}
log.Println(string(m.Data))
inserter := client.Dataset("telemetry").Table("metrics").Inserter()
r := []*Record{
    {
        DeviceId: m.Attributes["deviceId"],
        Timestamp: time.Now().String(),
        Data:     d,
    },
}

if err := inserter.Put(context.Background(), r); err != nil {
    if multiError, ok := err.(bigquery.PutMultiError); ok {
        for _, err1 := range multiError {
            for _, err2 := range err1.Errors {
                log.Println("customerr")
                log.Println(err2)
            }
        }
    } else {
        log.Println("Here")
        log.Println(err)
    }
    return err
}

return nil
}

```

ЛІСТИНГ 2. go.mod

```
module telemetry_handler
```

```
go 1.13
```

```
require cloud.google.com/go/bigquery v1.3.0
```

Додаток Б
(Обов'язковий)

ПРОГРАМНИЙ КОД МЕТЕОСТАНЦІЇ

Лістинг 1. meteostation.ino

```

#include "DHT.h"
#include <ArduinoJson.h>
#include <Http.h>

#define DHTTYPE DHT11

const int DHTPIN = A0;
const int RX_PIN = 8;
const int TX_PIN = 9;
const int RST_PIN = 10;

const char deviceId[30] = "deviceId";

HTTP http(9600, RX_PIN, TX_PIN, RST_PIN, true);
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
//setup contains setup command and runs only ones
void setup() {
  delay(5000);
  dht.begin();
  initStation();
}
//loop is standard Arduino method which running in endless loop
void loop() {
  float temperature = dht.readTemperature();
  float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
  sendMetrics(temperature, humidity);
  delay(500);
}
// sendMetrics sends metric to API endpoint
void sendMetrics(float temperature,float humidity) {
  char address[90];
  char body[90];
  char response[90];
  Result result;
  http.configureBearer("internet");
  result = http.connect();
  sprintf(body, "{\"temperature\":&v, \"humidity\":&v}", temperature, humidity);
  sprintf(address, "your.api/metrics/&s", deviceId);
  http.post(address, body, response);
}

```

Додаток В
(Обов'язковий)

ПРОГРАМНИЙ КОД ВЕБ-СЕРВЕРУ

ЛІСТИНГ 1. main.go

```
package main

import (
    "cloud.google.com/go/bigquery"
    "context"
    "encoding/json"
    "fmt"
    "github.com/go-chi/chi"
    "google.golang.org/api/iterator"
    "log"
    "net/http"
    "os"
)

//Metric represent metric table structure in BigQuery
type Metric struct {
    DeviceID string `json:"deviceId"`
    Timestamp string `json:"timestamp"`
    Data    string `json:"data"`
}

var client *bigquery.Client

func main() {
    var err error
    client, err = bigquery.NewClient(context.Background(), "project-id")
    if err != nil {
        log.Fatal("Can't load bigquery client", err)
    }
    r := chi.NewRouter()
    r.Get("/device/{deviceID}/metrics", func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request) {
        deviceID := chi.URLParam(r, "deviceID")
```

```

size := r.URL.Query()["size"]

var metrics []Metric
if len(size) > 0 {
    metrics, err = findMetricsWithLimit(r.Context(), deviceID, size[0])
} else {
    metrics, err = findMetrics(r.Context(), deviceID)
}
if err != nil {
    RespondWithError(w, 500, "Can't find metrics for device")
    return
}
RespondWithJSON(w, 200, metrics)
})
port := os.Getenv("PORT")
if port == "" {
    port = "8080"
}
log.Fatal(http.ListenAndServe(fmt.Sprintf(":%s", port), r))
}

```

//RespondWithJSON send response in JSON format

```

func RespondWithJSON(w http.ResponseWriter, code int, payload interface{ }) {
    w.Header().Set("Content-Type", "application/json")
    response, err := json.Marshal(payload)
    if err != nil {
        w.WriteHeader(http.StatusInternalServerError)
        w.Write([]byte("Can't marshal response"))
    }
    w.WriteHeader(code)
    w.Write(response)
}

```

//RespondWithError send HTTP response with specifiend HTTP code and payload

//in JSON format

```

func RespondWithError(w http.ResponseWriter, code int, msg string) {
    RespondWithJSON(w, code, map[string]string{"message": msg})
}

// findMetricsWithLimit searches records for specified device and limit it
func findMetricsWithLimit(ctx context.Context, deviceID, limit string) ([]Metric, error) {
    query := client.Query(`SELECT * FROM telemetry.metrics WHERE deviceId = ` +
deviceID + ` ORDER BY timestamp DESC LIMIT ` + limit + `;`)
    itr, err := query.Read(ctx)
    if err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }
    var metrics []Metric
    for {
        var metric Metric
        err := itr.Next(&metric)
        if err == iterator.Done {
            return metrics, nil
        }
        if err != nil {
            return nil, err
        }
        metrics = append(metrics, metric)
    }
}

// findMetrics searches records for specified device
func findMetrics(ctx context.Context, deviceID string) ([]Metric, error) {
    query := client.Query(`SELECT * FROM telemetry.metrics WHERE deviceId = ` +
deviceID + ` ORDER BY timestamp DESC;`)
    itr, err := query.Read(ctx)
    if err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }
    var metrics []Metric
    for {
        var metric Metric

```

```

    err := itr.Next(&metric)
    if err == iterator.Done {
        return metrics, nil
    }
    if err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }
    metrics = append(metrics, metric)
}
}

```

Лістинг 1.2 go.mod

```

module telemetry_api

go 1.13
require (
    cloud.google.com/go v0.49.0 // indirect
    cloud.google.com/go/bigquery v1.3.0
    github.com/go-chi/chi v4.0.2+incompatible
    github.com/golang/groupcache v0.0.0-20191027212112-611e8accdfc9 // indirect
    github.com/hashicorp/golang-lru v0.5.3 // indirect
    github.com/jstemmer/go-junit-report v0.9.1 // indirect
    go.opencensus.io v0.22.2 // indirect
    golang.org/x/exp v0.0.0-20191129062945-2f5052295587 // indirect
    golang.org/x/lint v0.0.0-20191125180803-fdd1cda4f05f // indirect
    golang.org/x/net v0.0.0-20191209160850-c0dbc17a3553 // indirect
    golang.org/x/oauth2 v0.0.0-20191202225959-858c2ad4c8b6 // indirect
    golang.org/x/sys v0.0.0-20191210023423-ac6580df4449 // indirect
    golang.org/x/tools v0.0.0-20191213221258-04c2e8eff935 // indirect
    google.golang.org/api v0.14.0
    google.golang.org/appengine v1.6.5 // indirect
    google.golang.org/genproto v0.0.0-20191206224255-0243a4be9c8f // indirect
    google.golang.org/grpc v1.25.1 // indirect
)

```

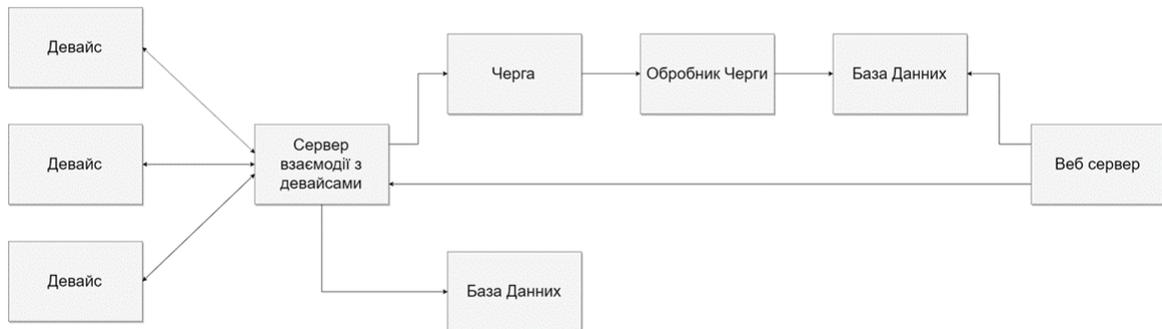
Лістинг 3. Dockerfile

```
FROM golang:1.13 as builder
# Create and change to the app directory.
WORKDIR /app
# Retrieve application dependencies.
# This allows the container build to reuse cached dependencies.
COPY go.* ./
RUN go mod download
# Copy local code to the container image.
COPY . ./
# Build the binary.
RUN CGO_ENABLED=0 GOOS=linux go build -mod=readonly -v -o server
# Use the official Alpine image for a lean production container.
FROM alpine:3
RUN apk add --no-cache ca-certificates
# Copy the binary to the production image from the builder stage.
COPY --from=builder /app/server /server
# Run the web service on container startup.
CMD ["/server"]
```

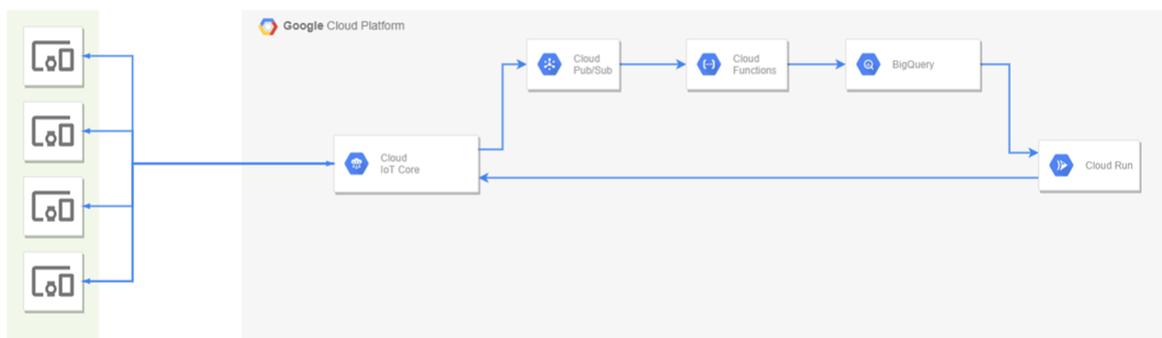
Додаток Г
(Обов'язковий)

СЛАЙДИ ПРЕЗЕНТАЦІЇ

Структурная схема платформы



Структурная схема платформи на базі GCP(Google Cloud Platform)



Головні компоненти метеостанції



Arduino Nano

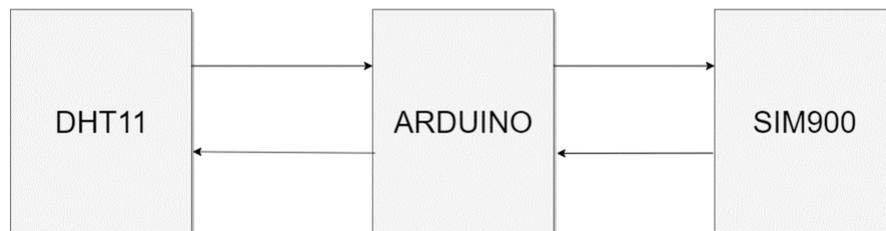


SIM900



DHT11

Структурная схема метеостанції



Додаток Г
(Обов'язковий)

ВІДОМІСТЬ АТЕСТАЦІЙНОГО ПРОЕКТУ

