



$$\varepsilon_p(\omega) = \varepsilon_\infty - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega(\omega - i\gamma)}, \quad (1)$$

$\omega_p$  -

,  $\gamma$  -

$n_1$ .

$h_0$  z -

[12]:

$$h_0 = H_0 \begin{cases} b_k J_k(n_p k_0 \rho) \cos k\varphi \cdot e^{-i\omega t^*}, & \rho < a, \\ H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 \rho) \cos k\varphi \cdot e^{-i\omega t^*}, & \rho > a, \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$e^{-i\omega_0 t^*}$

$t^* < 0$ ,

$e^{i\omega_0 t}$ ,  $k_0 = \omega_0/c$  -

$n_p = \sqrt{\varepsilon_p}$ ,  $\omega_0$  -

$$n_p J_k(n_p k_0 a) H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 a) - n_1 J'_k(n_p k_0 a) H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 a) = 0, \quad (3)$$

$b_k$

$$b_k = \frac{H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 a)}{J_k(n_p k_0 a)}. \quad (4)$$

$n_2$

$n_1$

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(1).

$$\nabla \times \vec{h}(\vec{r}, t) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \vec{d}(\vec{r}, t), \quad (5)$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{e}(\vec{r}, t) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \vec{b}(\vec{r}, t). \quad (6)$$

$$\vec{d}(\vec{r}, t) = \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon(t) \vec{e}(\vec{r}, t), \quad \vec{b}(\vec{r}, t) = \mu_0 \vec{h}(\vec{r}, t), \quad \vec{e} -$$

,  $\vec{h} -$

,  $\varepsilon_0$   $\mu_0$

(1)

$$\varepsilon_p(\omega) = \varepsilon_\infty + \chi(\omega), \quad \chi(\omega) = -\frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega(\omega - i\gamma)}. \quad (7)$$

$$\chi(t) = -\frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} (1 - e^{-\gamma t}) \Theta(t). \quad (8)$$

:

$$\vec{d}(t) = \varepsilon_0 \vec{e}(t) + \varepsilon_0 \int_0^t \chi(t-t') \vec{e}(t') dt', \quad (9)$$

(7) (9)

$$\bar{d}(t) = \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_\infty \bar{e}(t) + \varepsilon_0 \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \int_0^t (1 - e^{-\gamma(t-t')}) \Theta(t-t') \bar{e}(t') dt'. \quad (10)$$

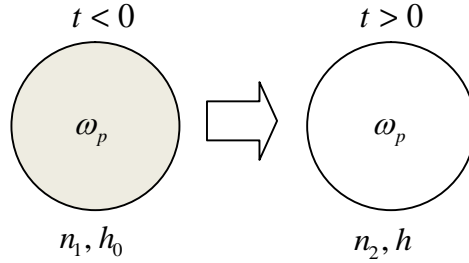
$$(5) \quad (10),$$

$$\text{rot} \text{rot} \bar{h} + \frac{1}{c^2} \varepsilon_\infty \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \bar{h} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \bar{h} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \int_0^t e^{-\gamma(t-t')} \bar{h}(t') dt' = 0. \quad (11)$$

$\bar{h}$  (  $h$ ),

$$\Delta h + \frac{1}{c^2} \varepsilon_\infty \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} h + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \int_0^t e^{-\gamma(t-t')} h(t') dt' = 0, \quad (12)$$

$$\Delta h = \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \rho^2} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \varphi^2} \right) h.$$



$$\Delta h + \frac{1}{c^2} \varepsilon_\infty \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} h + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \int_0^t e^{-\gamma(t-t')} h(t') dt' = 0, \quad \rho < a, \quad (13)$$

$$\Delta h - \frac{n_2^2}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial t^2} = 0, \quad \rho > a. \quad (14)$$

$$h(t=0^+) = h(t=0^-), \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h(t=0^+) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h(t=0^-), \quad (15)$$

$$h(t=0^+) = h(t=0^-), \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h(t=0^+) = \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} h(t=0^-). \quad (16)$$

$$(13) \quad (14) \quad H(p) = \int_0^\infty h(t) e^{-pt} dt.$$

$$(15) \quad (16),$$

$$\Delta H + q^2 \left( \varepsilon_\infty + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{q(q+\gamma)} \right) H = \frac{q}{2} \left( \varepsilon_\infty \left( c + \frac{ik_0}{\gamma} \right) + \frac{\omega_p^2}{\gamma} \right) H_0 b_k J_k(n_p k_0 \rho) \cos k\varphi, \quad \rho < a, \quad (17)$$

$$\Delta H + n_2^2 q^2 H = \frac{n_2^2}{c} \left( q + ik_0 \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2} \right) H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 \rho) \cos k\varphi, \quad \rho > a. \quad (18)$$

$$q = p/c.$$

$$H(\rho < a) = H_0 b_k \frac{1}{q - ik_0} J_k(n_p k_0 \rho) \cos k \varphi e^{-i\omega t^*} + B_k(q) I_k(\tilde{n}_p q \rho) \cos k \varphi e^{-i\omega t^*}, \quad (19)$$

$$H(\rho > a) = \frac{n_2^2 q + i n_1^2 k_0}{n_2^2 q^2 + n_1^2 k_0^2} H_k^{(2)}(n_1 k_0 \rho) \cos k \varphi e^{-i\omega t^*} + C_k(q) K_k(n_2 q \rho) \cos k \varphi e^{-i\omega t^*}, \quad (20)$$

$$\tilde{n}_p = \sqrt{\varepsilon_\infty + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\omega_p^2}{q(q + \gamma/c)}}. \quad (21)$$

$$I_k(\cdot), K_k(\cdot) \quad (19) \quad (20)$$

$$B_k \quad C_k$$

$$H_z \quad E_\varphi$$

$$E_\varphi$$

$$H_z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{n_p^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} H_z(-a, \varphi, p) - \frac{i}{\omega_0} \cdot \frac{1}{n_p^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} h_{0,z}(-a, \varphi, 0^-) = \\ = \frac{1}{n_2^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} H_z(+a, \varphi, p) - \frac{i}{\omega_0} \cdot \frac{1}{n_2^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} h_{0,z}(+a, \varphi, 0^-). \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$B_k = \frac{n_p k_0 J_k(n_p k_0 a) K'_k(n_2 q a) + n_2 q J'_k(n_p k_0 a) K_k(n_2 q a)}{n_2 I'_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) K_k(n_2 q a) - \tilde{n}_p K'_k(n_2 q a) I_k(\tilde{n}_p q a)} \times N, \quad (23)$$

$$C_k = \frac{\tilde{n}_p q J'_k(n_p k_0 a) I_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) + n_p k_0 I'_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) J_k(n_p k_0 a)}{n_2 I'_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) K_k(n_2 q a) - \tilde{n}_p K'_k(n_2 q a) I_k(\tilde{n}_p q a)} \times N, \quad (24)$$

$$N = \frac{i q^3 (n_1^2 - n_2^2)}{(q^2 n_2^2 + k_0^2 n_1^2)(q - ik_0)} H_0 b_k e^{-i\omega t^*}.$$

$$h(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-i\infty}^{+i\infty} H(p) e^{pt} dp. \quad (19) \quad (20) \quad q = ik_0,$$

$$q = \pm ik_0 n_1/n_2,$$

$$n_2 I'_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) K_k(n_2 q a) - \tilde{n}_p K'_k(n_2 q a) I_k(\tilde{n}_p q a) = 0 \quad (k = 0, 1, 2, \dots). \quad (25)$$

$$(25)$$

$$q \quad (19) \quad (20),$$

$$B_k I_k(\tilde{n}_p q \rho) \sim \frac{H_0}{c} \cdot \frac{n_2 - \tilde{n}_p}{\tilde{n}_p} b_k J'_k(n_2 q a) \sqrt{\frac{a}{\rho}} e^{\sqrt{\varepsilon_\infty} q(\rho - a)}, \quad (26)$$

$$C_k K_k(n_2 q \rho) \sim \frac{H_0}{c} \cdot \frac{n_2 - \tilde{n}_p}{\tilde{n}_p} b_k J'_k(n_2 q a) \sqrt{\frac{a}{\rho}} e^{n_2 q(a - \rho)}. \quad (27)$$

$$n_1 \quad n_2 \quad (\rho > a)$$

$$(20),$$

$$(\rho < a)$$

$$(26) - (27)$$

$p$ .

$$\varepsilon_\infty = 1,$$

$$a = 39.1 \quad [13].$$

$$(k = 1)$$

$$w_0 = \omega_0 a c^{-1} = 0.56792 + 0.03414i.$$

$$(2),$$

$$: w_p = \omega_p a c^{-1} = 0.7, \quad \gamma = 10^{-2} w_p,$$

$$n_1 = 1.45.$$

$$(3):$$

$$(19) - (20).$$

$p$

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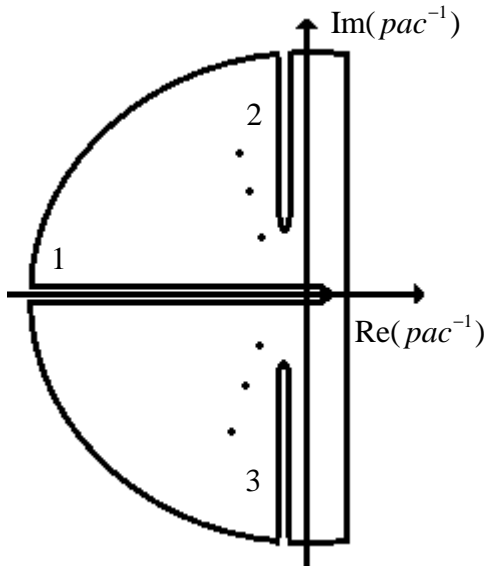
$$\tilde{n}_p = 0$$

$$(pac^{-1} = -0.0035 + 0.69999i, \quad pac^{-1} = -0.0035 - 0.69999i),$$

$$p = 0. \quad q = ik_0, \quad q = \pm ik_0 n_1/n_2$$

$$(19) - (20)$$

$$(25)$$



$$(25)$$

$n_2,$

$$(n_2 = 1.452).$$

$$\tilde{\omega}_0 a c^{-1} = \pm 0.56771 + 0.03421i,$$

$$-0.99998 - 0.77466i$$

$$(+) \quad -0.00196 + 0.00112i \quad (-).$$

$$\omega_1 ac^{-1} = \pm 3.42535 + 0.18366i$$

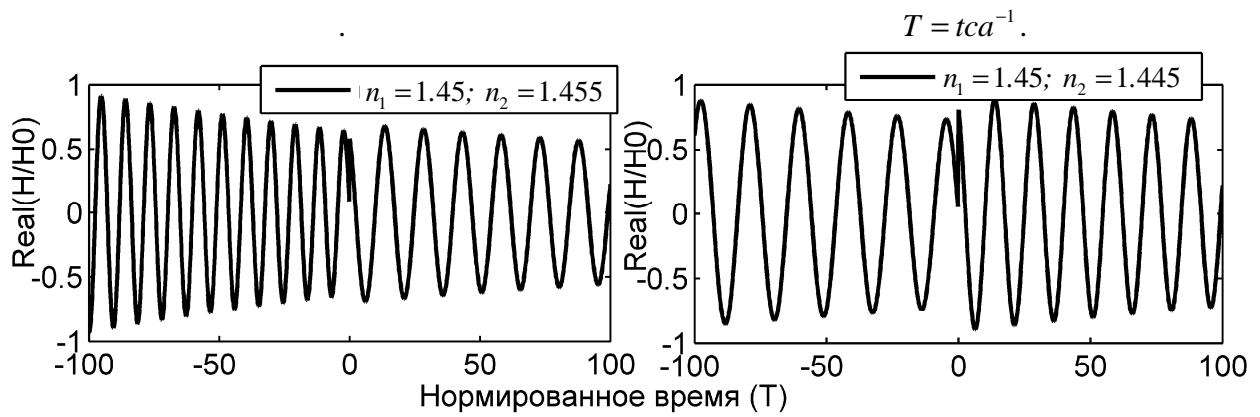
$$0.00448 - 0.00232i \quad (-)$$

$$-0.00628 - 0.00301i \quad (+)$$

$$\omega_2 ac^{-1} = \pm 6.78268 + 0.05189i,$$

$$0.00218 + 0.00357i \quad (+) \quad -0.00185 + 0.00344i \quad (-)$$

. 3



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$$n_2 = 1.455; \quad ( ) \quad n_1 = 1.45, \quad n_2 = 1.445.$$

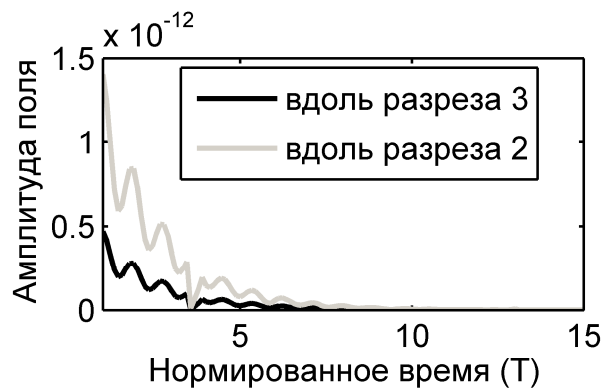
$$r = \rho/a = 0.9, \quad \varphi = 0.$$

: ( )  $n_1 = 1.45,$

. 3

(2).

(19).



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$$(n_1 = 1.45, \quad n_2 = 1.452).$$

: ( )

$$p = 0; \quad ( ) \quad pac^{-1} = -0.0035 + 0.69999i, \quad pac^{-1} = -0.0035 - 0.69999i.$$

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