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ABSTRACT

Master's thesis: 74 pages, 36 figures, 1 appendices, 17 sources.

NEURAL NETWORK, ROLLED NEURAL NETWORKS, IMAGES,
PROCESSING, ALGORITHMS

The purpose of the certification work is to analyze the existing methods of image processing and to create its own convolutional neural network for the classification of images of handwritten numbers and their recognition.

During the certification work the analysis of various algorithms of filtering of images and their optimization under tasks of the master's work, namely methods of processing of images on the basis of convolutional neural networks was carried out. This allows you to come to a whole new direction in image processing. Graphic file processing is a field that is rapidly and intensively developing in the modern world of computer technology, new tools and algorithms for image filtering are appearing. At the moment, there are already many editors who work on personal computers and can perform very complex graphics functions. However, not everyone uses neural networks, which provide a new level of image image quality analysis. This fact provides opportunities for the development of algorithms for convolutional neural networks that will most effectively perform image analysis at a new level.

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1				11
1.1				11
1.1.1				12
1.1.2				13
1.1.4				14
1.1.5			,	15
1.1.6	Sequence-to-sequence			16
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2.1.1				18
2.1.3				21
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2.2.1				27
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3				33
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4.4	51
4.4.1	53
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4.6	61
	65
	66
	68

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(deep neural network, DNN) –

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LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory) –

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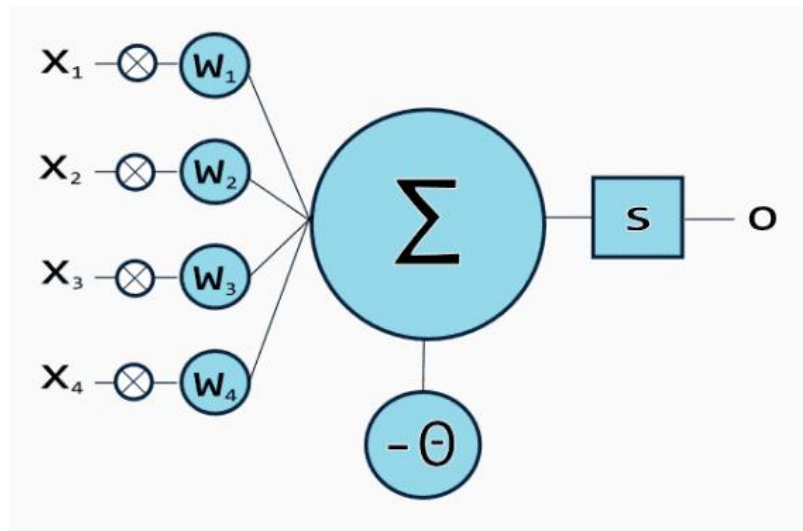


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1.1

(1.1).

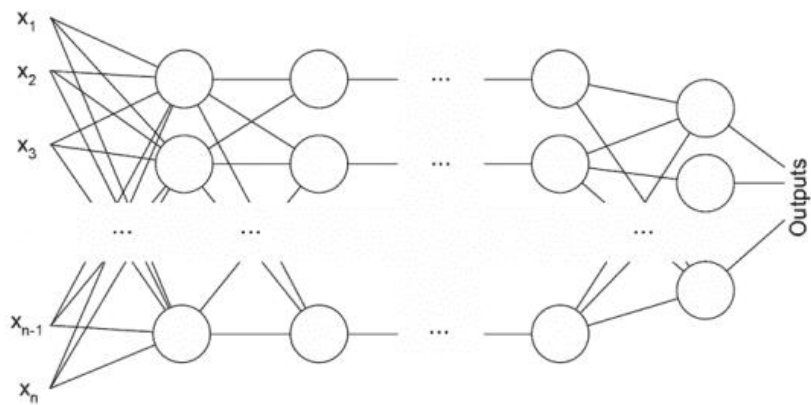


1.1 –

() –

1.1.1

(1.2)



1.2 -

1.1.2

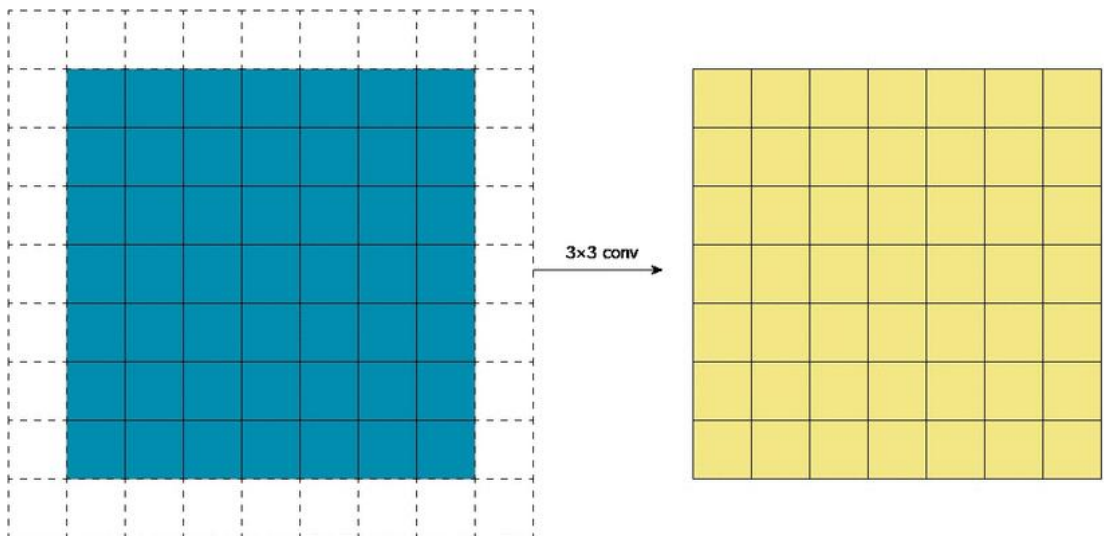
(Convolutional neural network, CNN)

. CNN

(1.3).

Convolutional Neural Networks for Sentence Classification

word2vec,



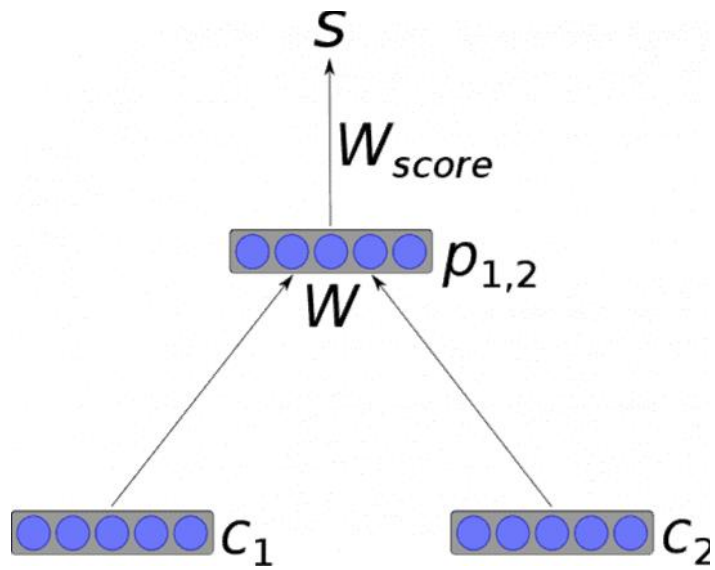
1.3 -

Text Understanding from Scratch

CNN.

1.1.3

(1.4).



1.4-

1.1.4

Natural Language Generation, Paraphrasing and Summarization of User Reviews with Recurrent Neural Networks

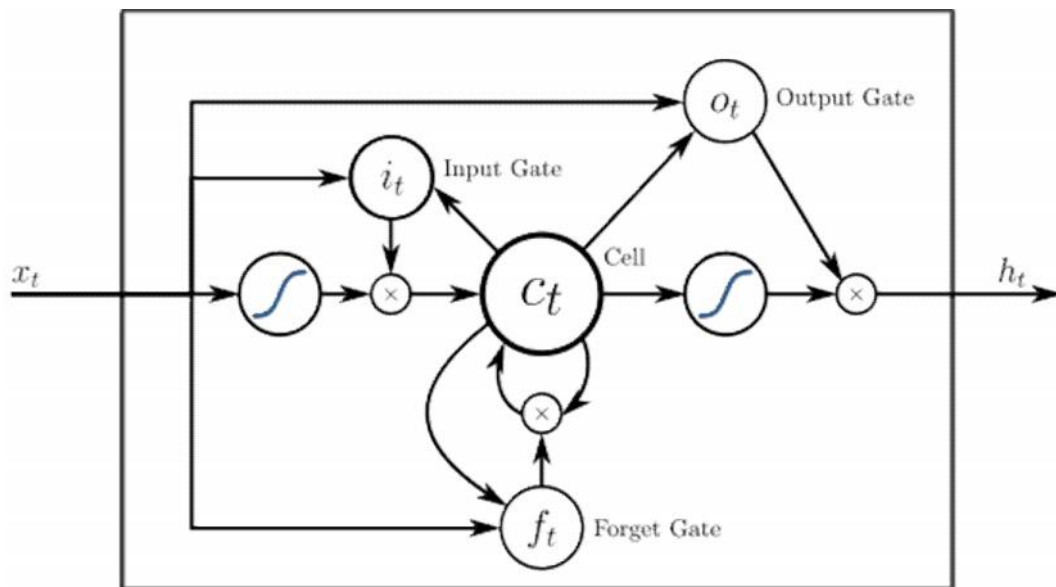
Siwei Lai, Liheng Xu, Kang Liu, Jun Zhao
 Convolutional Neural Networks for Text Classification

Recurrent

- Bag of

Words, Bigrams + LR, SVM, LDA, Tree Kernels,

1.1.5



1.5 –

(LSTM) –

. LSTM-

LSTM

3 4

(, ,), (1.5).

Long Short-Term Memory Recurrent Neural Network Architectures for Large Scale Acoustic Modeling LSTM

Part-of-Speech Tagging with Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory Recurrent Neural Network

97.4%

Apple, Amazon, Google, Microsoft LSTM-

1.1.6 Sequence-to-sequence

Sequence-to-sequence

: , , ,

Sequence-to-Sequence -

Paraphrase Detection Using Recursive Autoencoder

n-

1.1.7 (shallow)

, , word2vec - (word embeddings). Efficient Estimation of Word Representations in Vector Space, word2vec

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2.1

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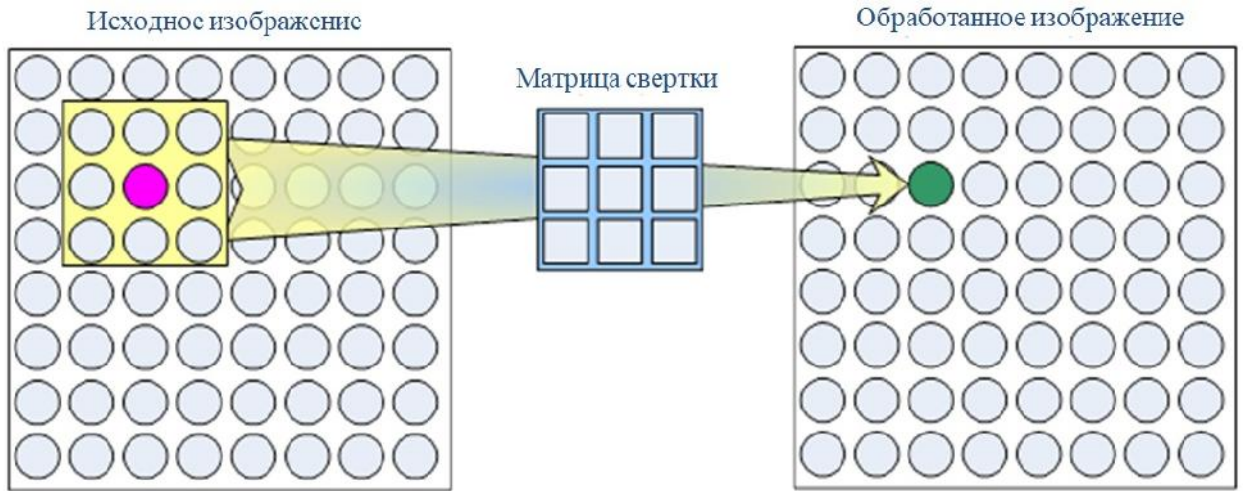
- .

2.1.1

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(2.1)



2.1 –

2.1.2

()

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	1	4	7	4	1
	4	16	26	16	4
$\frac{1}{273}$	7	26	41	26	7
	4	16	26	16	4
	1	4	7	4	1

2.2 –

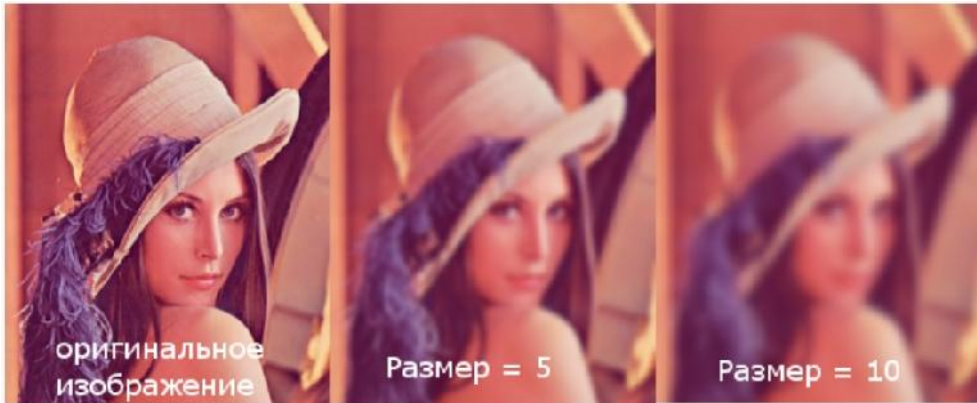
5 × 5

()

div

0,000789	0,006581	0,013347	0,006581	0,000789
0,006581	0,054901	0,111345	0,054901	0,006581
0,013347	0,111345	0,225821	0,111345	0,013347
0,006581	0,054901	0,111345	0,054901	0,006581
0,000789	0,006581	0,013347	0,006581	0,000789

(2.3).



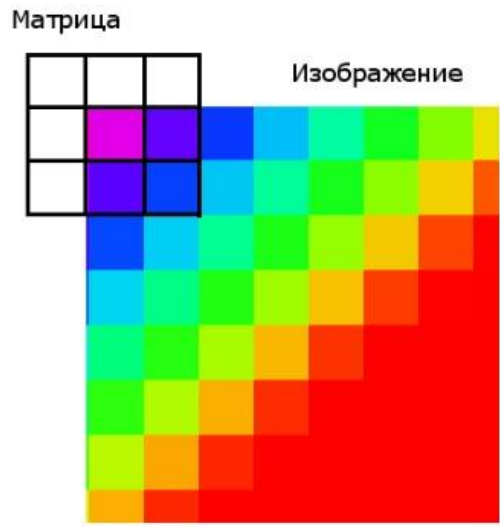
2.3 –

« » , , (2.4).

$$\text{width} + 2 \cdot \text{gap} / 2, \text{height} + 2 \cdot \text{gap} / 2, \tag{2.1}$$

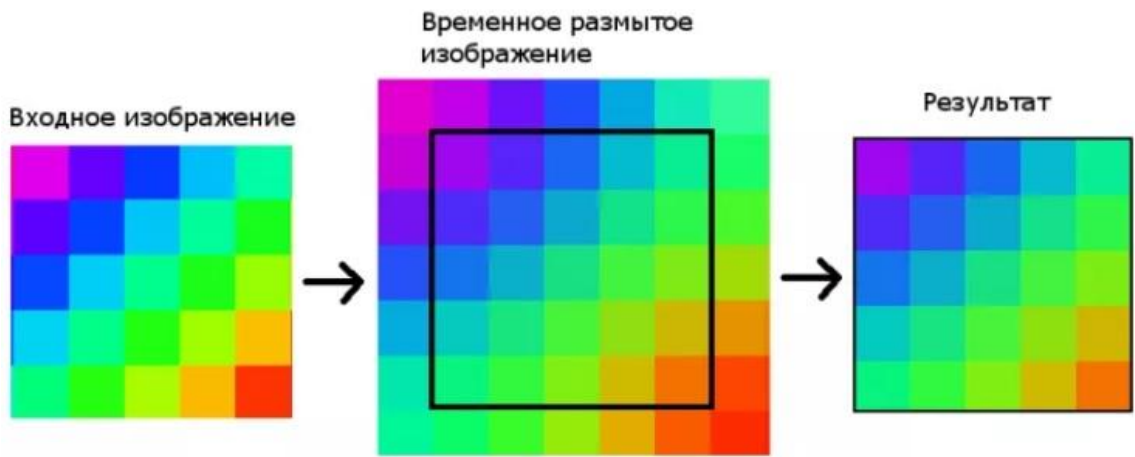
width height - ;

gap - .



2.4 –

(2.5).



2.5 –

2.1.3

(2.6).



2.6 –

, « » ,

« » (2.7).



original image



median filter

2.7 –

(2.8) (div = 1):

-1	-1	-1
-1	9	-1
-1	-1	-1



2.8 –

2.1.3

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2.9).

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() –

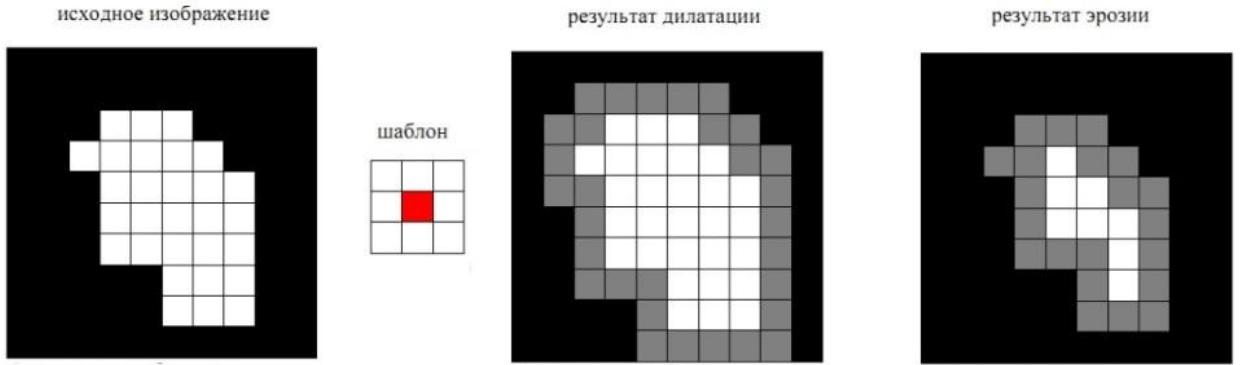
(anchor),

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2.9 –

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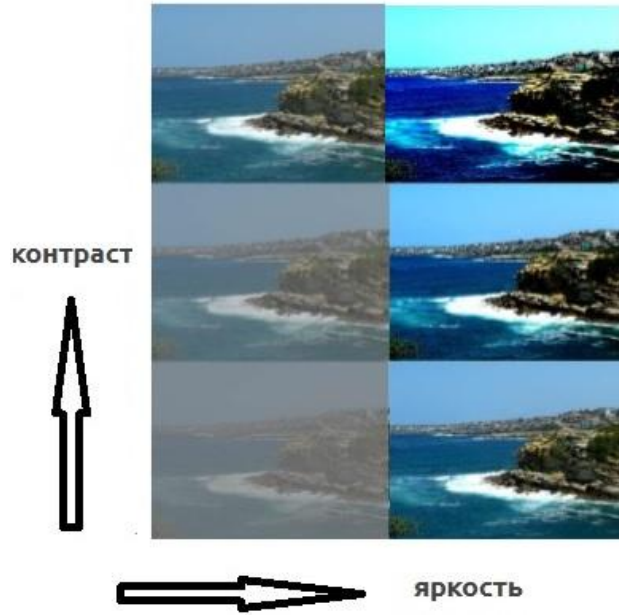
- ' ;

- ;

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2.2

(2.10).



2.10 –

(2.11,).

Графики яркости

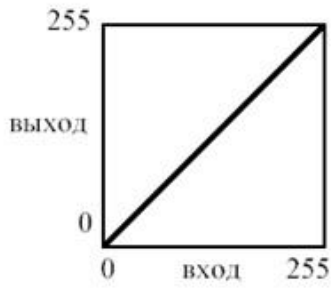


Рис. а

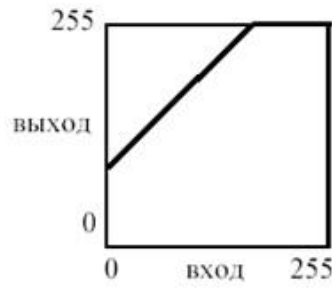


Рис. б

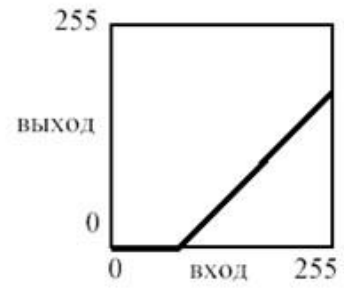


Рис. в

2.11 –

(2.11,) ,

, (2.11,) – .

(2.12,)

, - (2.12,) .

Графики контрастности

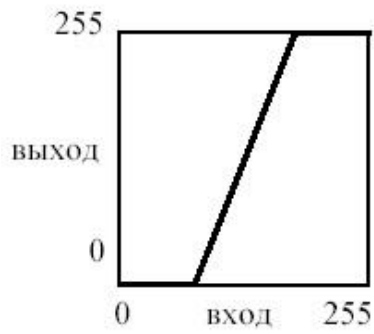


Рис. а

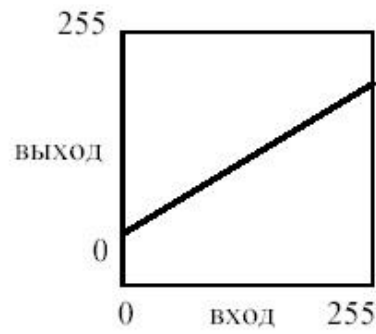


Рис. б

2.12 –

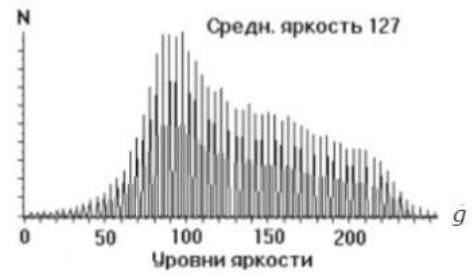
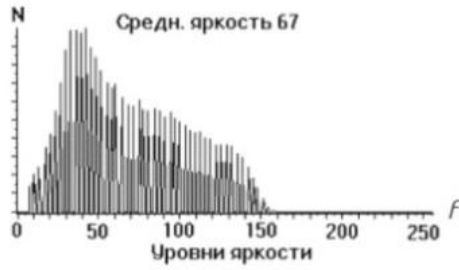
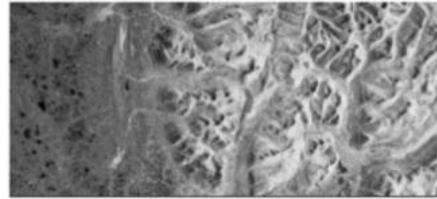
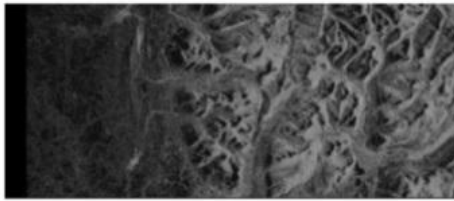
/

RGB.

2.2.1

$$f_i = \frac{N_i}{N} \quad (2.13)$$

(stretch),
 $[f_{min}, F_{max}]$,
 $[0, 255]$.



Исходное изображение гистограммы

Изображение после линейной растяжки гистограммы

2.13 –

67

(2.13).

:

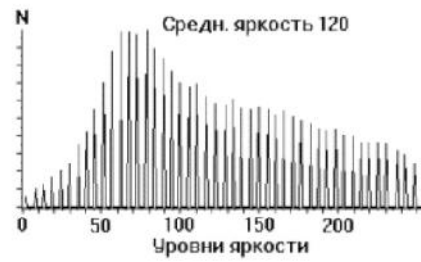
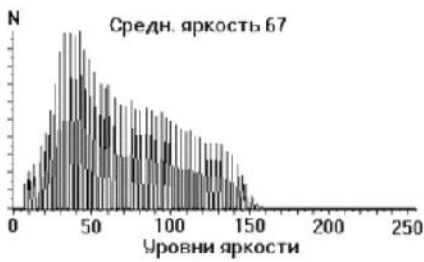
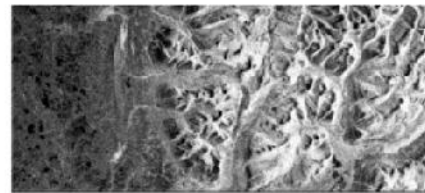
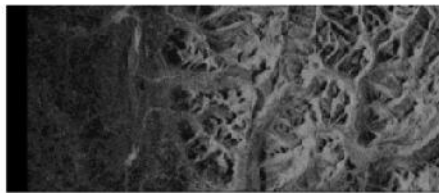
$$g_i = a + bf_i,$$

(2.2)

$f_i -$;
 $g_i -$;
 $a, b -$.
 $f = 6, F = 158.$ $a b$, $g = 0,$
 $g = 255.$ (1) : $a = - 10,01; b = 1,67.$

[0, 255] , $f F$, 5%

(2.14) (– equalization)



Нормализация гистограммы

2.14 –

N : N M
 $J.$
 $N \cdot M,$, $no =$

$N \cdot M / J$

, $N = M = 512, J = 256.$

$no = 1024.$

f

$f_i \quad f_{i+1}$

g_i

$g_i \quad g_{i+1}$

$no.$

2.14.

0

188

1 - 347

2 - 544

$no.$

0.

3 4

$no.$

1.

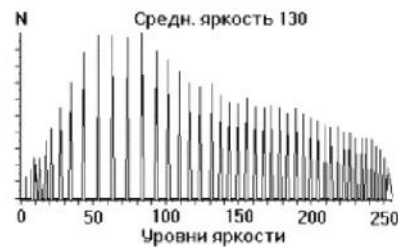
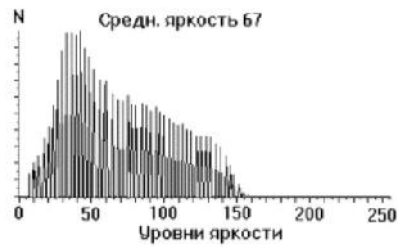
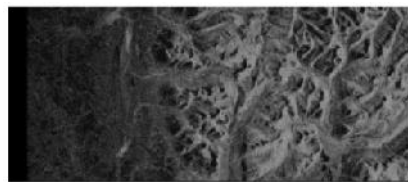
45

3012,

3 $no.$

$g_i,$

45,



Эквализация гистограммы

[0, ..., I_max-1].

,
 , i,
 p (i),
 q (i, j)
 j [0, ...,
 I_max-1].

,
 I_max2,
 8-
 (- 256 × 256).

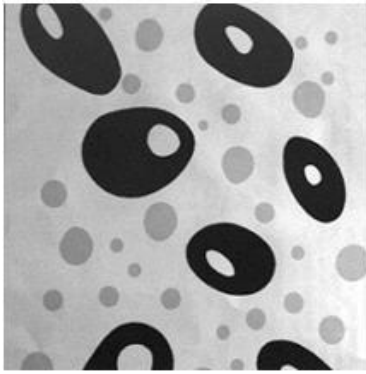
$$Im'[x, y] = Im [x, y] + R(x, y), \tag{2.3}$$

Im'[x, y] – ;
 Im [x, y] – ;
 R (x, y) – .
 ,
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 ()
 . ,
 :

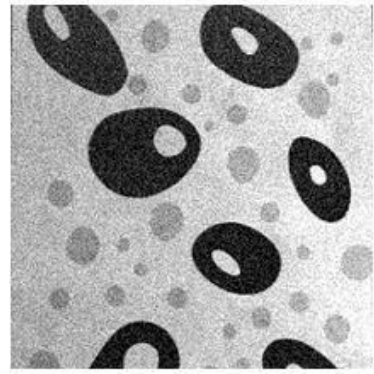
$$Im'[x, y] = Im[x, y] + N(0, \sigma),$$

$N(a, \sigma)$ - ;
 a - ;
 - ()
 .

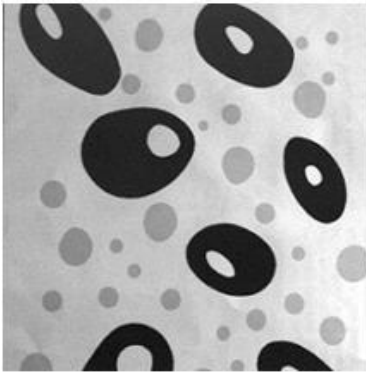
(2.16).



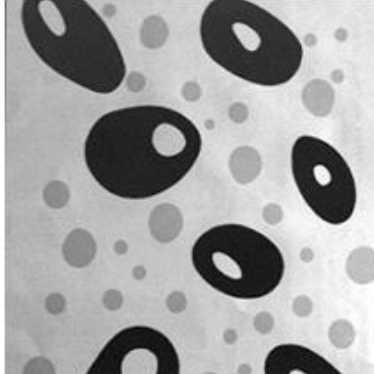
)



)



)



)

2.16 - :)
 , =0;)
 , =20;)
 =40;) , =60

3

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:
- (filters) ( );
- (feature maps).
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( ) . ,
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- (feature
maps) ,
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(. Subsampling, . Pooling,

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(3.1),

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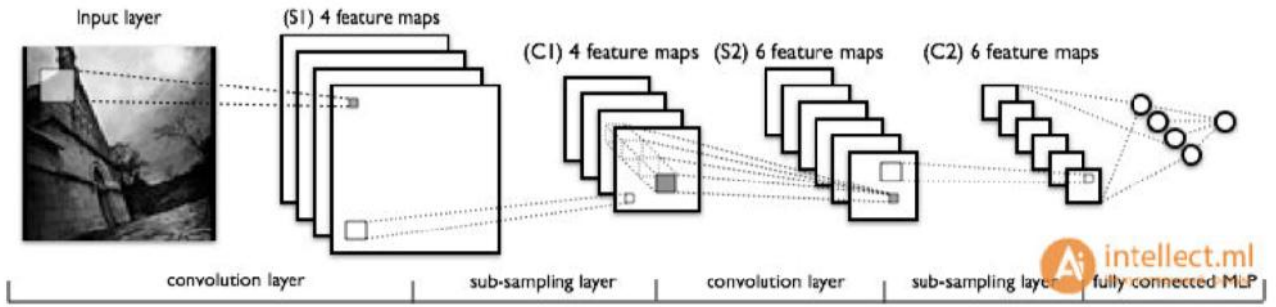
(subsampling,)

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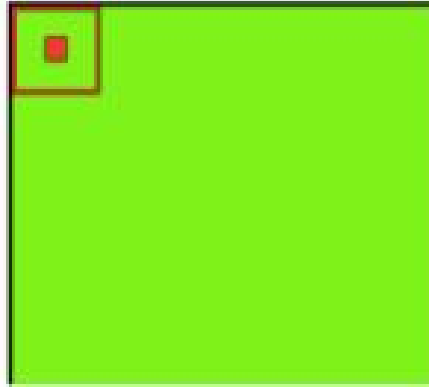
3.1 –

(convolutional, subsampling),

$$(f \times g) [m, n] = \sum_{k, l} f [m - k, n - l] \times g [k, l], \tag{3.1}$$

f – ;
 g – () .
 g (1) f,
 g,

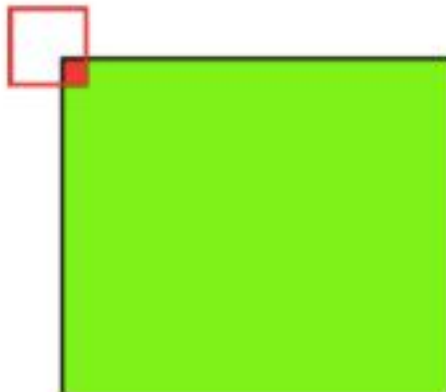
(– 3.2),
 (– 3.3) (– 3.4).



3.2 – valid



3.3 – same



3.4 – full

3.2

(C-layers), (S-layers)

' (F-layers) .

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32 32 ,

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(kernels).

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S-

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2

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3.2.1

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(R-, G-, B-).

(. Convolutional layer),

(. Pooling

layer) , (. Fully-connected layer).

3.2.2

(. Convolutional layer)

(),

3.5),

$$x^l = f(x^{l-1} * k^l + b^l), \tag{3.2}$$

x^{l-1} ;

$f()$ - ;

b - , * x

(. Max pooling) () (. (Weighted) average pooling).

- ;
- ;
- .

3.2.3 ,

(3.6) (). ,

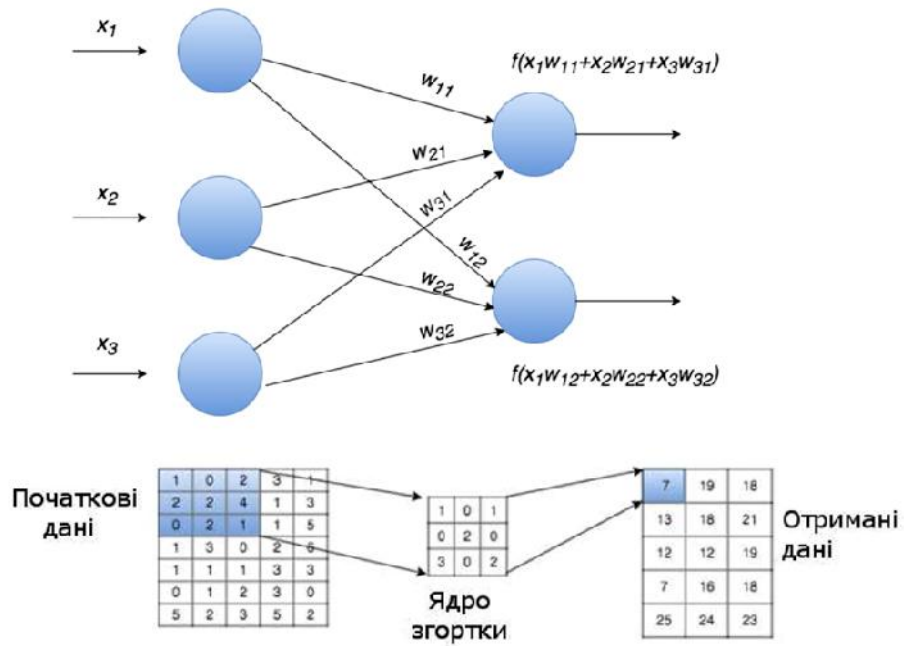
(max-pooling) – ,

Dropout (dropout) [14] –

, , , Dropout :

p.

, , 2N , N



3.6 –

$(1 - p) -$

2N

dropout-

2N

3.2.4 Inception module

Inception module -

GoogLeNet.

$1 \times 1,$

,
 . ,
 inception module - $1 \times 1, 3 \times$
 $3, 5 \times 5,$ max pooling' $3 \times 3.$,
 (. Naive inception module)
 ,
 .
 inception module
 - $1 \times 1,$
 .
 , .

4

4.1

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 Matlab – Matlab.
 ,
 – MATrix
 LABORatory – [28].
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 ,
 Matlab – Simulink [17].
 Matlab,
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 Matlab
 , Matlab –
 ,

[29].

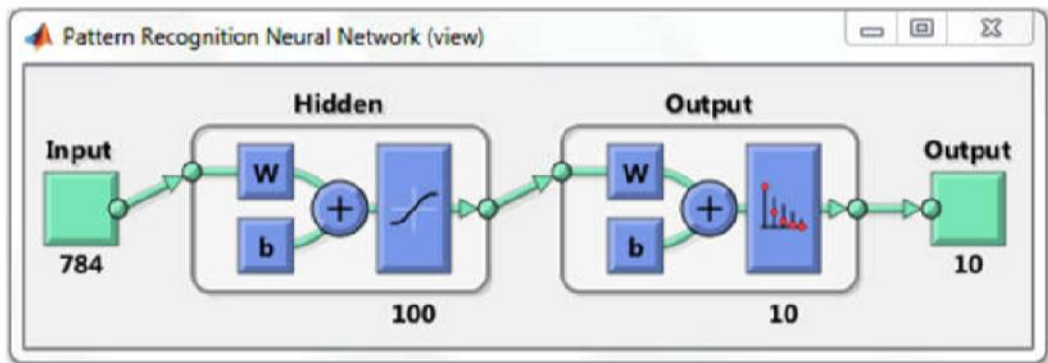
Matlab Neural Network

Toolbox. Neural Network Toolbox

[30].

4.1

Neural Network Toolbox.



4.1 –

"The MathWorks" MATLAB

MATLAB

"Neural Network

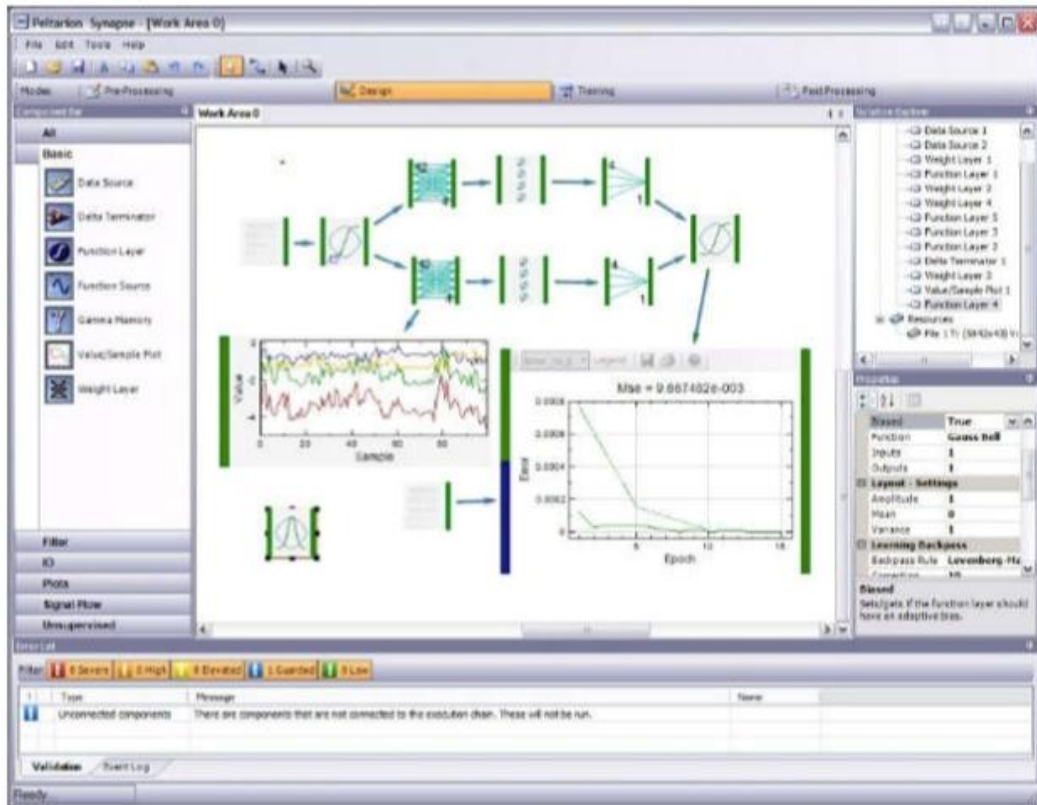
Toolbox"

MATLAB

[31]. 4.0 "Neural Network Toolbox", MATLAB 6.0. Peltarion Synapse –

data mining,

[32].



4.2 – Peltarion Synapse

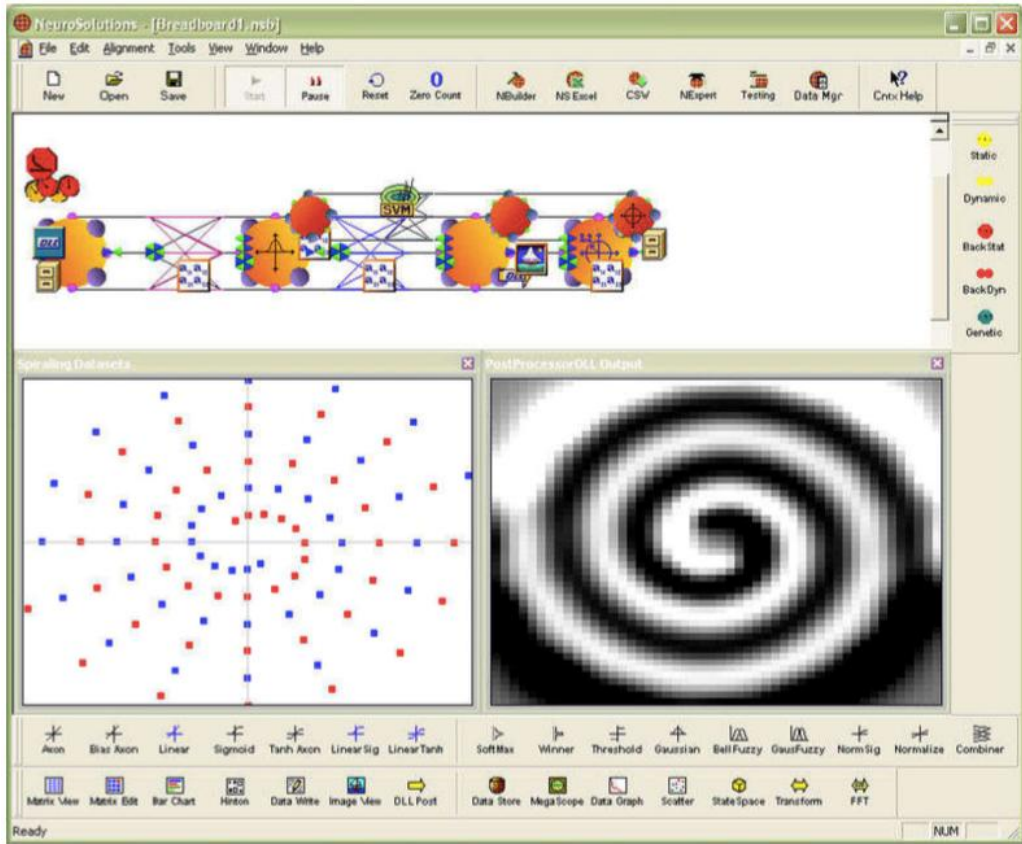
Synapse

NeuroSolutions – NeuroDimension.

[33].

4.3

NeuroSolutions.



4.3 –

NeuroSolutions

DeepLearning4j (DL4J) – (Open-source), Java Scala [35]. (CPU), (GPU).

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 .
 .
 -
 ()
 ;
 - OCR (optical character
 recognition);
 - ,

MNIST. 60 000
 (-) 10 000 ().
 20 20, 28 28.

,
 . 12 MNIST
 4.4.



4.4 –

MNIST

10 .
 1 . ()
 -1.

4.4

(, MSE) [3]:

$$E^p = \frac{1}{2} (D^p - O(I^p, W))^2 \tag{4.1}$$

Ep - p- ;
 Dp - ;
 O (Ip, W) - , p-
 W, , S-
 F- .
 W, -
 (Ip, Dp) Ep.

E.

Ep

()

Ep,

:

$$E(W) = E(W_c) + (W - W_c) \frac{dE(W_c)}{dW} + \frac{1}{2} (W - W_c)^2 \frac{d^2E(W_c)}{dW^2} + \dots \quad (4.2)$$

E -

;

Wc -

2

:

$$\frac{dE(W)}{dW} = \frac{dE(W_c)}{dW} + (W - W_c) \frac{d^2E(W_c)}{dW^2} \quad (4.3)$$

$$W_{min} = W_c - \left(\frac{d^2E(W_c)}{dW^2} \right)^{-1} \frac{dE(W_c)}{dW} \quad (4.4)$$

()

(),

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- () ,

60 000

4.4.1

« ».

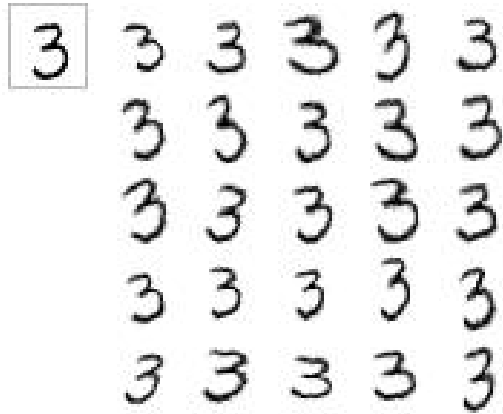
MSE

MSE

4.5,

«3»

25



4.5 –

3

« 3 » «3».

«3»

«3».

«

»

(4.6).

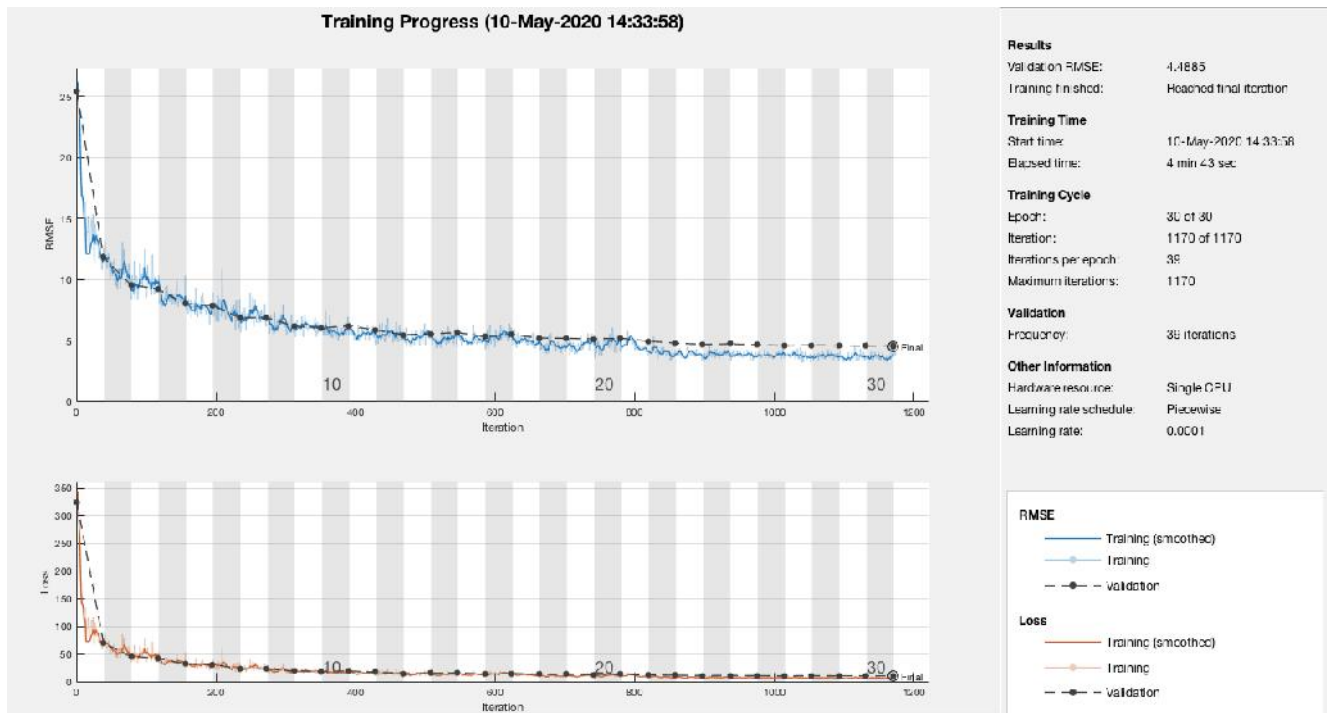
30 (

0,001

4.7).

20

(4.1).



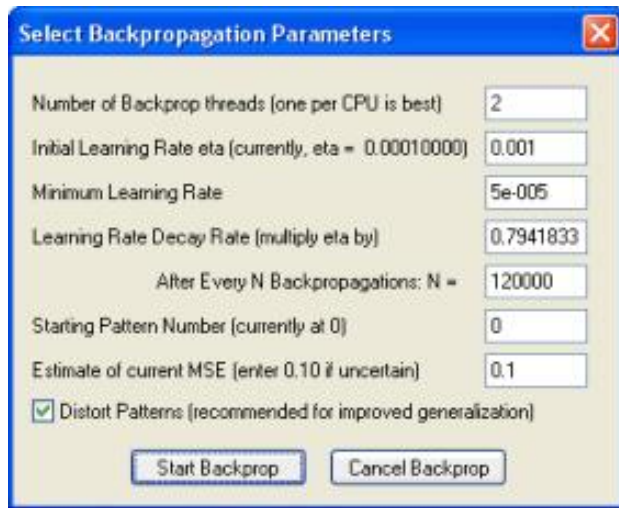
4.6 –

```

miniBatchSize = 128;
validationFrequency = floor(numel(YTrain)/miniBatchSize);
options = trainingOptions('sgdm', ...
    'MiniBatchSize',miniBatchSize, ...
    'MaxEpochs',30, ...
    'InitialLearnRate',1e-3, ...
    'LearnRateSchedule','piecewise', ...
    'LearnRateDropFactor',0.1, ...
    'LearnRateDropPeriod',20, ...
    'Shuffle','every-epoch', ...
    'ValidationData',{XValidation,YValidation}, ...
    'ValidationFrequency',validationFrequency, ...
    'Plots','training-progress', ...
    'Verbose',false);

```

4.1 –



4.7 –

4.1.2

1.

define

, Image Processing Toolbox
 , Neural Network Toolbox
 , Virtual Reality Toolbox Control Systems Toolbox
 . Neural Network Toolbox -
 ,
 , , , .
 . NN toolbox
 .
 . , .

4.3

```

mnist_train_reader.num_samples = 60000;
mnist_train_reader.current = 1;
mnist_train_reader.data_file = '../..data/MNIST/train-images.idx3-
ubyte';
mnist_train_reader.label_file = '../..data/MNIST/train-labels.idx1-
ubyte';
mnist_train_reader.buffer_size = 1000;
mnist_train_reader.read = @mnist_datareader;

```

4.3 –

```

%
cnet_struct.nlayers = 7;
%
cnet_struct.nInputs = 1;
%
cnet_struct.inputWidth = 32;
%
cnet_struct.inputHeight = 32;

```

4.4 –

```

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```

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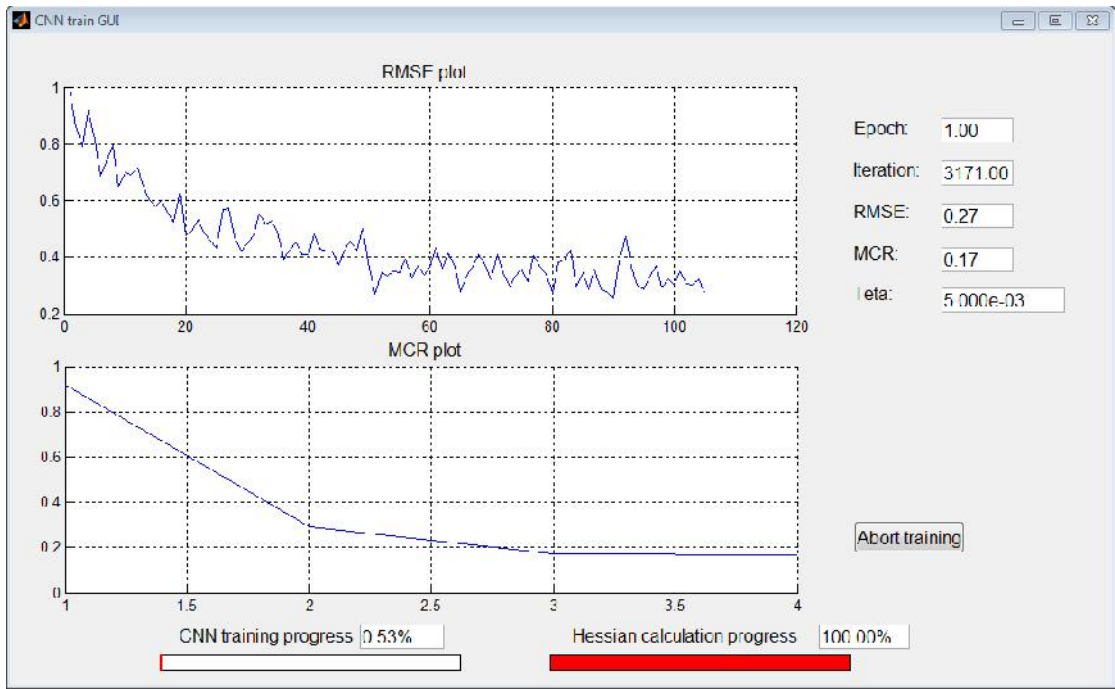
- 16.

5 5.

```
cnet_struct.layers{3}.NumFMaps = 16;
cnet_struct.layers{3}.KernelWidth = 5;
cnet_struct.layers{3}.KernelHeight = 5;
cnet_struct.layers{3}.TransferFunc = 'tansig_mod';
cnet_struct.layers{3}.LayerType = 'clayer';
cnet_struct.layers{3}.conn_map = ...
[1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1;
 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1;
 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1;
 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1;
 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1;
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];
```

4.5 –

(4.8).



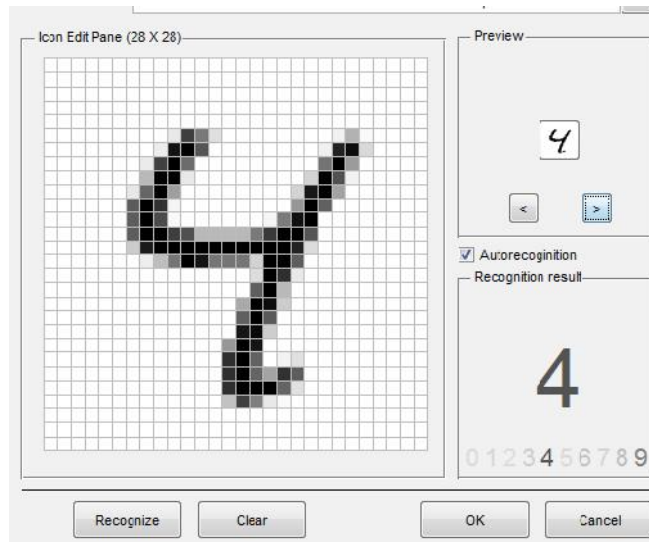
4.8 –

4.6

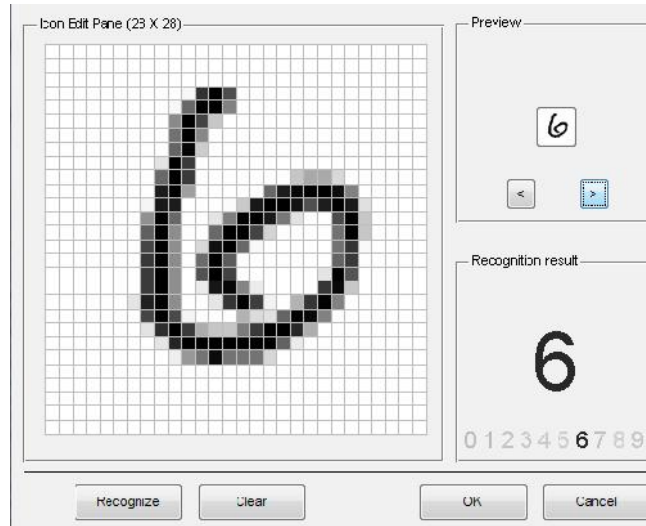
4.9.

MatLab

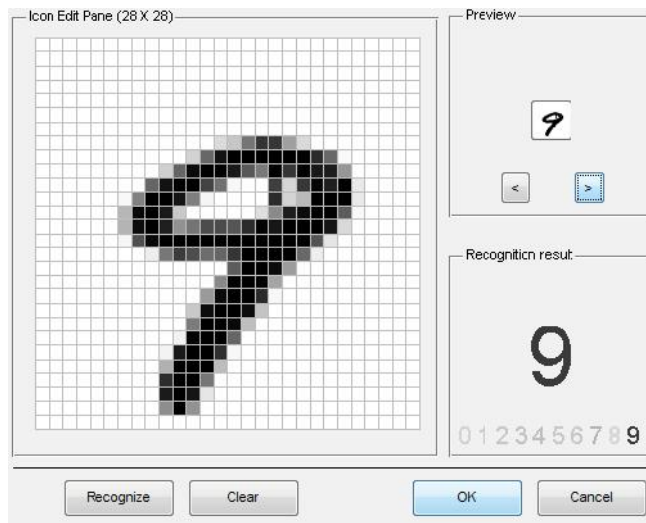
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