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2		13.04.20 – 15.04.20	
3		16.04.20 – 20.04.20	
4		21.04.20 – 24.04.20	
5		25.04.20 – 28.04.20	
6		29.04.20 – 03.05.20	
7		04.05.20 – 11.05.20	
8		12.05.20 – 14.05.20	
9		15.05.20 – 17.05.20	
10		18.05.20	

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ABSTRACT

Master's thesis: 81 pages, 20 figures, 0 tables, 1 appendix, 17 sources.

MODEL IDENTIFICATION, IMPULSE NOISE, NOISE FILTRING,
NOISE SUPPRESSION, FILTER MASK, FILTER ADAPTATION,
COMPUTATIONAL EFFICIENCY.

The purpose of attestation work is to develop a model and create an appropriate system of adaptive filtering impulse noise of a digital image.

In the course of performing attestation work, existing models, algorithms and technologies of noise filtration of images were analyzed, the adaptive noise filtration model was developed and implemented, as well as the corresponding software complex, with which the experiment was put and confirmation of the efficiency of application of the proposed model of adaptive filtration of impulse noise was obtained.

A comparative analysis of the application of the proposed adaptive filtration model with analogues has shown the significant advantages of the proposed model in relation to the absence of negative effects of unacceptable smoothing of the boundaries of objects and lines.

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e(x, y)

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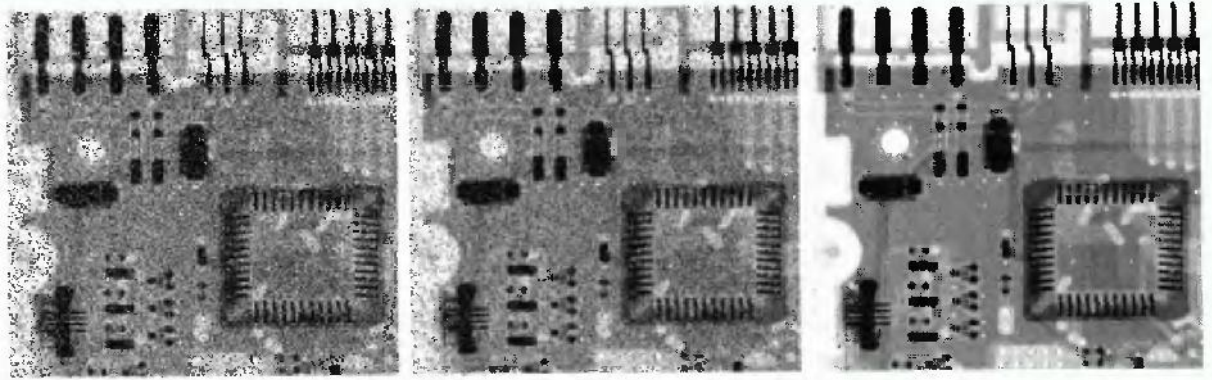
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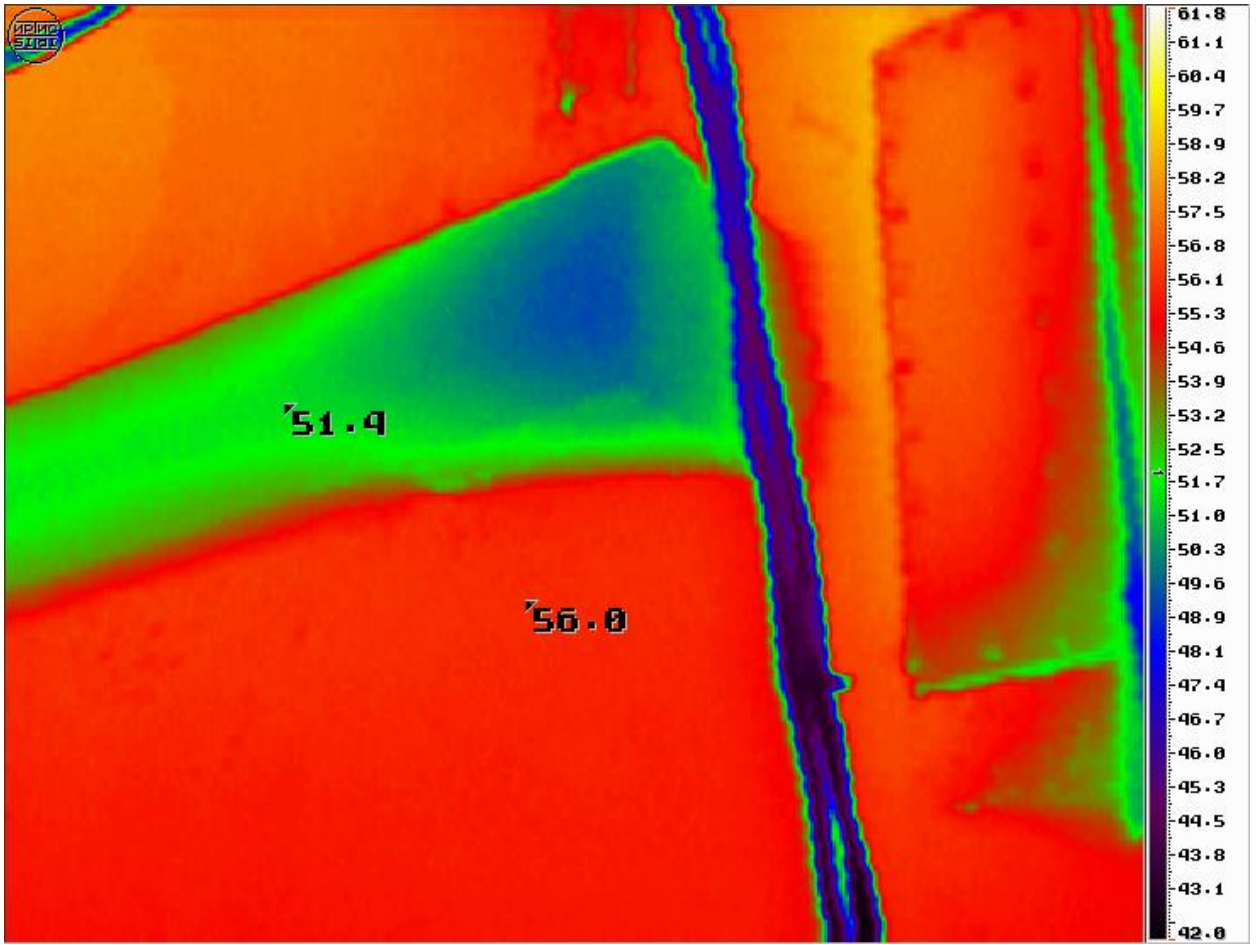
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1.2 –

[2, 6].



1.3 –

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[2].

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[1-3].

[4, 7].

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,
 $N(0, \sigma)$, $\sigma -$
 () [2, 6].

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2

2.1

[2, 5, 6].

[7-10].

2.1.1

[1, 2, 6].

h

d_{xy}

$$h = \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f_i \right], \tag{2.1}$$

$$\{f_i\}_{i=1,\dots,n} - \quad n \quad O_\varepsilon(x, y) \\ d_{xy}, \quad [\cdot] - \quad [2].$$

$$(2.1)$$

[1-4]

$$h = [S], S = S(x, y) = \sum_{(\xi,\eta)} f_{x+\xi,y+\eta} \cdot w_{\xi,\eta}, d_{x+\xi,y+\eta} \in O_\varepsilon(x, y), \quad (2.2)$$

$$w_{\xi,\eta} - \quad , \quad \sum_{(\xi,\eta)} w_{\xi,\eta} = 1.$$

d_{xy}

$$h = \left[\left(\prod_{i=1}^n f_i \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \right], \quad (2.3)$$

$$\{f_i\}_{i=1,\dots,n} - \quad n \quad O_\varepsilon(x, y) \\ d_{xy}, \quad [\cdot] - \quad [2].$$

$$(2.1),$$

$$(2.1) [2].$$

$$h \quad d_{xy}$$

$$h = \left[\frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{f_i}} \right], \tag{2.4}$$

$\{f_i\}_{i=1,\dots,n}$ – n $O_\varepsilon(x, y)$
 d_{xy} , $[\cdot]$ – [2].

« »

[1-3, 5].

h d_{xy}

$$h = \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (f_i)^{q+1}}{\sum_{i=1}^n (f_i)^q} \right], \tag{2.5}$$

$\{f_i\}_{i=1,\dots,n}$ – n $O_\varepsilon(x, y)$
 d_{xy} , q – , $[\cdot]$ – [2].

[2].

(2.1) (2.3)

[2].

2.1.2

[1-3].

$$d_{xy} = \inf_{O_\varepsilon(x, y)} h$$

$$h = \text{med}\{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n}, \tag{2.6}$$

$$d_{xy} [1, 2].$$

$$\{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n}$$

$$\{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n}$$

[1, 2, 9].

$$h = \min \{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n} \tag{2.7}$$

$$h = \max \{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n} \tag{2.8}$$

d_{xy}

$$h = \left\lfloor \frac{1}{2} [\max \{f_i\} + \min \{f_i\}] \right\rfloor, i = 1, \dots, n, \tag{2.9}$$

$\{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n}$ n $O_\varepsilon(x, y)$

d_{xy} , $\tag{2.7}$

(2.8), $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$ $[2]$.

$\{f_i\}_{i=1, \dots, n}$

k

k

;

$\{f_i\}_{i=1+k, n-k}$

h

d_{xy}

$$h = \left[\frac{1}{n - 2 \cdot k} \sum_{i=1+k}^{n-k} f_i \right], 2k < n. \tag{2.10}$$

(2.10)

: 1)

, 2)

$k = 0$),

($k = (n - 1) / 2$) [2].

2.1.3

[1, 2, 6].

(

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2.1.4

d_{xy}

h

$$h(x, y) = \begin{cases} f(x, y) - \frac{\sigma^2}{\sigma_L^2} \cdot [f(x, y) - M_L], & \text{if } \sigma^2 \leq \sigma_L^2, \\ M_L, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases} \quad (2.11)$$

$$\sigma^2 = \int_{(x,y)} (f(x,y) - h(x,y))^2 M_L(x,y) dx dy - \sigma_L^2$$

[2].

[2].

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_L^2 \alpha(x,y) \quad (2.20)$$

$$\sigma^2 / \sigma_L^2 = \alpha(x,y)$$

$$\sigma^2 = \sigma_L^2 \alpha(x,y)$$

[10]

$$h(x,y) = f(x,y) + [1 - \alpha(x,y)] \sigma^2 \quad (2.12)$$

(2.15)

.

.

[2]:

1) z_{\min} - ;

2) z_{\max} - ;

3) z_{med} - ;

4) z_{xy} - (x, y) ;

5) S - ;

6) S_{\max} - .

2.1.

(A B), [2]:

: $A1 = z_{\text{med}} - z_{\min}$;

$A2 = z_{\text{med}} - z_{\max}$;

$A1 > 0 \quad A2 < 0,$

B,

, $S = S + \Delta$;

$S \leq S_{\max}$,

: $h(x, y) = z_{xy}$.

B: $B1 = z_{xy} - z_{\min}$;

$B2 = z_{xy} - z_{\max}$;

$B1 > 0 \quad B2 < 0,$ $h(x, y) = z_{xy}$,

: $h(x, y) = z_{\text{med}}$.

[2];

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x_i (

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[6]

[3].

[6]

[6]

2.2

[1].

[1, 2, 6]

[6],

) [4].

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[1, 2, 6]

[6].

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- 1) ;
- 2) ;
- 3) , ,

, ()

$$X = \{x_\xi\}_{\xi=1, \dots, n} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), \tag{3.1}$$

, (3.1) . () ,) ,

3.1.1

k · σ-

k · σ- [8],

1. (3.1) , x_n .

$$x_1 \leq x_2 \leq \dots \leq x_n . \tag{3.2}$$

2. (3.2)

m σ²

$$m = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i , \tag{3.3}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m)^2. \tag{3.4}$$

3. x_n (3.2)

$$(x_n - m) > k \cdot \sigma, \tag{3.5}$$

H

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (x_n - m) > k \cdot \sigma, \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.6}$$

$$x_n \tag{3.2}$$

4.

x_1

3

x_1

$$(3.2)$$

$$(m - x_1) > k \cdot \sigma, \tag{3.7}$$

H

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (m - x_1) > k \cdot \sigma, \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.8}$$

x_1

$$(3.2)$$

$k \cdot \sigma -$

- , .
 $k \cdot \sigma -$

3.1.

$k \cdot \sigma -$ ($k \cdot \sigma -$).

1. (3.2);

$k,$ $p = 1, q = n,$ n

(3.2). , $p < q.$

2. (3.3) (3.4) m

σ^2 (3.2), $i = p, \dots, q.$

3. (3.5) (3.7).

5.

$x_q,$

$q = q - 1, n = n - 1,$

4.

$x_p,$ $p = p + 1, n = n - 1,$ 4.

x_p $x_q,$

(3.2)

$$\begin{cases} p = p + 1, & \text{if } (x_q - m) < (m - x_p), \\ q = q - 1, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.9)$$

$n = n - 1,$ 4.

4. $p = q,$ 5, 2.

5. .

3.1.2

-

$k \cdot \sigma$
 x_n
 $k \cdot \sigma$

$$T_n = \frac{x_n - m}{\sigma}, \tag{3.10}$$

$T_{n,\alpha}$
 α

$$T_n > T_{n,\alpha}, \tag{3.11}$$

H,

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (T_n > T_{n,\alpha}), \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.12}$$

$$(3.2)$$

$$x_1 = \frac{m - x_1}{3} \quad (3.2)$$

$$T_1 = \frac{m - x_1}{\sigma} \quad (3.13)$$

$$T_{n,\alpha} = \alpha - \dots \quad (3.14)$$

$$T_1 > T_{n,\alpha} \quad (3.14)$$

H,

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (T_1 > T_{n,\alpha}), \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.15)$$

$$\alpha \dots x_1 \quad (3.2)$$

$$T_{n,\alpha} \dots n$$

$$\alpha \dots$$

$$T_1 \dots T_n$$

$$T_{n,\alpha} \dots$$

$$k \cdot \sigma \dots (\text{Gr} - \dots)$$

3.2.

Gr- (Gr-). k · σ-
 . Gr- k · σ- , : 1)
 1 k α; 2) 3
 (3.5) (3.7) (3.11) (3.14).

Gr-

k · σ- .

α

Gr-

Gr-

3.1.3

TM-

n k · σ- Gr-
 s
 - (TM-),

, /

s, 0 < s < n,

X_{n-s+1}, ..., X_n.

$$L_s = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n-s} (x_j - m_s)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m)^2}, \quad (3.16)$$

m

(3.3),

m_s

$$m_s = \frac{1}{n-s} \sum_{j=1}^{n-s} x_j, \quad (3.17)$$

$$L_{\alpha, n, s} \quad - \quad [65],$$

$\alpha.$,

$$L_s < L_{\alpha, n, s}, \quad (3.18)$$

$$, \quad H$$

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (L_s < L_{\alpha, n, s}), \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.19)$$

$$, \quad \alpha \quad s$$

$$x_{n-s+1}, \dots, x_n \quad (3.2)$$

$$, \quad [6].$$

$$s \quad x_1, \dots, x_{1+s-1}.$$

$$L_s = \frac{\sum_{j=1+s}^n (x_j - m_s)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m)^2}, \quad (3.20)$$

$$m \quad (3.3), \quad m_s$$

$$m_s = \frac{1}{n-s} \sum_{j=1+s}^n x_j, \quad (3.21)$$

$$L_{\alpha, n, s} \quad - \quad , \quad \alpha.$$

(3.18),
 H (3.19) , α
 s x_1, \dots, x_{1+s-1} (3.2),
 [6].

3.3.

TM- (TM-).

1. (3.2);
 α , $p=1, q=n$, n
 (3.2). , $p < q$.

$\mu, 0 < \mu \leq 0.5$, t

2. t

$$t = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } (\lfloor \mu \cdot n \rfloor = 0), \\ \lfloor \mu \cdot n \rfloor, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.22)$$

$\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$ -

3. $\xi = p \quad \eta = q$,
 $[p, \xi] \quad [\eta, q]$, $s = 1$

D^2 ,

($i = p, \dots, q$),
 (3.16) (3.20).

4. (3.20) (3.16) $L_{s \min}$

$L_{s \max}$,

D^2 ,

, $j_{\min} = p + s, \dots, q$, $j_{\max} = p, \dots, q - s$.

5. (3.18).

$\xi = \xi + 1, \eta = \eta - 1, s = s + 1,$ 6.

$x_\eta, \dots, x_q,$ $q = \eta - 1, n = n - s,$ 7.

$x_p, \dots, x_\xi,$ $p = \xi + 1, n = n - s,$ 7.

$x_p, \dots, x_\xi,$ x_η, \dots, x_q (3.2)

$$\begin{cases} p = \xi + 1, & \text{if } (L_{s \min} < L_{s \max}), \\ q = \eta - 1, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.23)$$

$n = n - s,$ 7.

6. $s \leq t,$ 4, 8.

7. $n \geq 2,$ 2, 8.

8. .

3.1.4

()

3.1.

. (3.1) $x_i = \sigma_i$

(3.3) (3.4) m_σ

s_σ^2 (3.1).

(3.1)

m_σ ,

$$(x_i - m_\sigma) > k_\sigma \cdot s_\sigma. \tag{3.24}$$

(3.24);

$d(\xi, \eta)$

$x_i = \sigma_i$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (x_i - x_j)^2, \quad i \neq j, \tag{3.25}$$

$x_j -$

$d(\xi, \eta).$

(3.24)

(3.24),

(3.24),

(3.24)

$T(n) = 2 \cdot n$

$$T(n) = n^2$$

$$T(n) = 2 \cdot n + n^2 / 100$$

$$3 \times 3, \quad n = 9,$$

$$T(9) = 2 \cdot 9 + 0.81 = 18 + 0.81$$

$$5 \times 5, \quad n = 25,$$

$$T(25) = 2 \cdot 25 + 6.25 = 50 + 6.25$$

(3.24)

$$T(n) = 2 \cdot n$$

3.2

[1, 2, 6].

3.2.1

,
 (3.2).
 , , $d(\xi, \eta)$ $\sqrt{2}$ -
 $O_{\sqrt{2}}(d(\xi, \eta))$, 3×3 ,
 (3.2), H ,
 (3.2) , .

$d(\xi, \eta)$

$$[f(\xi, \eta) = x_n] \wedge [(x_n - x_{n-1}) > T]. \tag{3.26}$$

(3.26) , ,

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } [f(\xi, \eta) = x_n] \wedge [(x_n - x_{n-1}) > T], \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.27}$$

$$f(\xi, \eta) = x_n \tag{3.2}$$

$d(\xi, \eta)$

$$[f(\xi, \eta) = x_1] \wedge [(x_2 - x_1) > T]. \tag{3.28}$$

(3.28) , , H

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } [f(\xi, \eta) = x_1] \wedge [(x_2 - x_1) > T], \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \quad (3.29)$$

$$f(\xi, \eta) = x_1 \quad (3.2)$$

Th - .

3.2.2

$$s, s \leq s^*,$$

1)

2)

3)

$$O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta)), \varepsilon = \sqrt{2}.$$

, $O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta))$,
 G s . $\sqrt{2}$ - G ,
 G .
 x_H x_G G
 H .

$O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta))$,

G,

$$[x_G > x_H] \wedge [(x_G - x_H) > T]. \tag{3.30}$$

(3.30) , , **H**

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } [x_G > x_H] \wedge [(x_G - x_H) > T], \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.31}$$

G

x_G

G,

x_H

H

$$[x_G < x_H] \wedge [(x_H - x_G) > T]. \tag{3.32}$$

(3.32) , , **H**

$$H = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } [x_G < x_H] \wedge [(x_H - x_G) > T], \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases} \tag{3.33}$$

G

Ths -

3.4.

s $O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta))$, $\varepsilon = \sqrt{2}$,
 $s_\varepsilon, s_{\sqrt{2}} = 9, s \leq s^* \leq s_\varepsilon$ (Ths -).

$$d(\xi, \eta)$$

7.

$$O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta)) \quad (3.2).$$

1.

$$1. \quad G \quad O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta)),$$

$$f(\xi, \eta)$$

; s G .

$$2. \quad s \leq s^*, \quad 3,$$

– 4.

$$3. \quad x_G = x_{n-s+1}$$

$$G; \quad H$$

$$x_H \quad H.$$

$$(3.30), \quad G$$

$$, \quad 7. \quad 4.$$

$$2. \quad .$$

$$4. \quad G \quad O_\varepsilon(d(\xi, \eta)),$$

$$f(\xi, \eta);$$

$$s \quad G.$$

$$5. \quad s \leq s^*, \quad 6,$$

– 7.

$$6. \quad x_G = x_{1+s-1}$$

$$G; \quad H \quad x_H$$

$$H. \quad (3.32),$$

$$G \quad .$$

$$7. \quad .$$

Ths -

Ths -

(3.24),

3.3

[1, 2],

[6].

[1, 2, 4, 6],

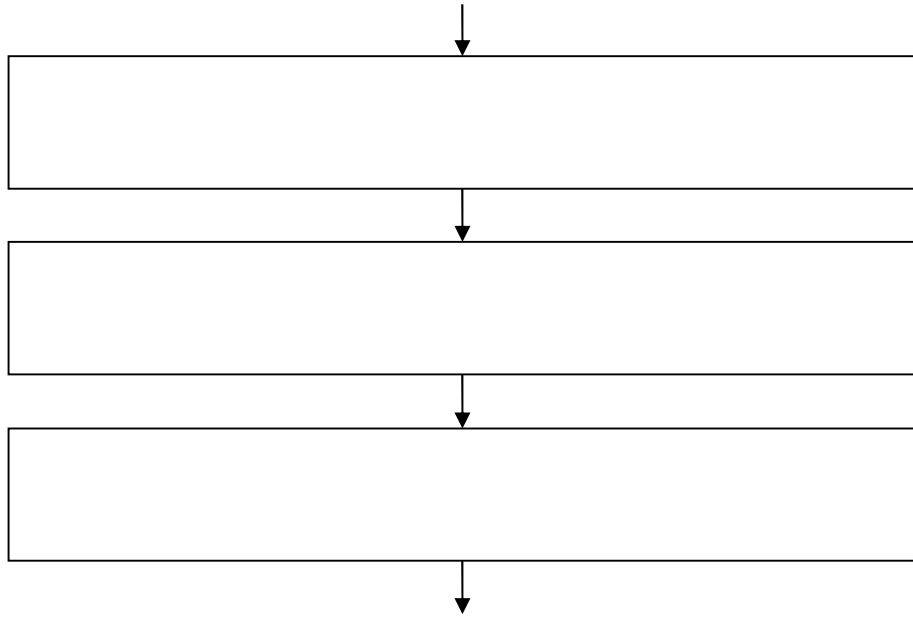
. 3.1.

3.3.1

:

1) ;

2) , , , , , .



3.1 –

3.3.2

, , , , , [2, 6].

, ,

$$T(n) = n^2$$

$$(3.24),$$

3.5.

$$1. \quad m_i \quad (3.3)$$

$$\sigma_i^2 \quad (3.4)$$

(. 3.1.5).

$$x_i = \sigma_i, \quad (3.1).$$

$$2. \quad (3.3) \quad (3.4)$$

$$m_\sigma \quad s_\sigma^2 \quad \{x_i\}_i = \{\sigma_i\}_i.$$

3.

$$k = k(m_\sigma, s_\sigma), \quad k \cdot \sigma \quad (3.24).$$

4.

$$(3.24).$$

5.

3.3.3

3.2.

(Th -),

Th - .

3.6.

3.5,

$T = T(m_\sigma, s_\sigma),$

$d(\xi, \eta)$

3.5

1. $\sqrt{2}$ - $d(\xi, \eta),$

$3 \times 3,$

(3.2).

2. (3.26) (3.28).

$d(\xi, \eta)$

, $d(\xi, \eta)$

3. .

3.5,

3.6

$d(\xi, \eta),$

3.6

T

$T = T(m_\sigma, s_\sigma).$

$T = T(m, \sigma).$

$$T = T(m, \sigma)$$

(3.26) (3.28) 2.

3.6

This -

(m, \sigma),

3.3.4

3.7.

G

- 1) $G \xrightarrow{\sqrt{2}} H$
- 2) $G; \quad x_H \quad H.$
 $f(\xi, \eta) \quad d(\xi, \eta) \quad G$

$$\forall d(\xi, \eta) \in G : f(\xi, \eta) = x_H. \tag{3.34}$$

G (3.34),

$x_H -$ $H.$ (3.34)

3.7

)

G

G

G

G

(3.34)

3.8.

G
 G
 G
 $\sqrt{2}$ -
 G
 Z
 $H \cup G$
 $H \cup G$.

H
 G
 Z

2.
 H ,
 Z .
 h_{\min}
 h_{\max}
 Z_{\min}
 Z_{\max}
 $f(\xi, \eta)$
 $d(\xi, \eta)$
 G

$$\forall d(\xi, \eta) \in G: \begin{cases} f(\xi, \eta) = h_{\max}, & \text{if } |h_{\max} - z_{\max}| < |h_{\min} - z_{\min}|, \\ f(\xi, \eta) = h_{\min}, & \text{else.} \end{cases} \quad (3.35)$$

(3.35)

(3.35)

h_{\max}

h_{\min}

3.

3.8.

3.9.

1. H .

$$(3.24), \quad H$$

$$G \quad (1.9),$$

(1.4) – (1.8).

4. 2.

$$2. \quad \sqrt{2} - Z \quad H \cup G$$

$$H \cup G.$$

$$3. \quad h_{\min} \quad h_{\max}$$

$$H, \quad z_{\min} \quad z_{\max}$$

$$Z. \quad f(\xi, \eta) \quad d(\xi, \eta) \quad G$$

$$\forall d(\xi, \eta) \in G: \begin{cases} f(\xi, \eta) = \left\lfloor \frac{h_{\max} + z_{\max}}{2} \right\rfloor, & \text{if } |h_{\max} - z_{\max}| < |h_{\min} - z_{\min}|, \\ f(\xi, \eta) = \left\lfloor \frac{h_{\min} + z_{\min}}{2} \right\rfloor, & \text{else.} \end{cases} \quad (3.36)$$

4. .

$$H \quad G$$

$$(\quad 3.8, \quad 3.9)$$

$$(\quad H \quad G)$$

3.10.

, G ,
 , G $\sqrt{2}$ -
 H, G.
 1. H.
 (3.24), H ,
 , ,
 3. H ,
 2. H
 2. H
 ,
 ;
 k · σ - (. 3.1.1).
 H
 3. G
 ,
 G
 3×3,
 H, H
 G H ,
 G 3×3
 H.
 .
 4. .
 ,

, , , .

$$T = 3 \cdot n$$

, n

10,

$$T = 30$$

3.10

3.3.5

, . 3.1,
(. 3.2).

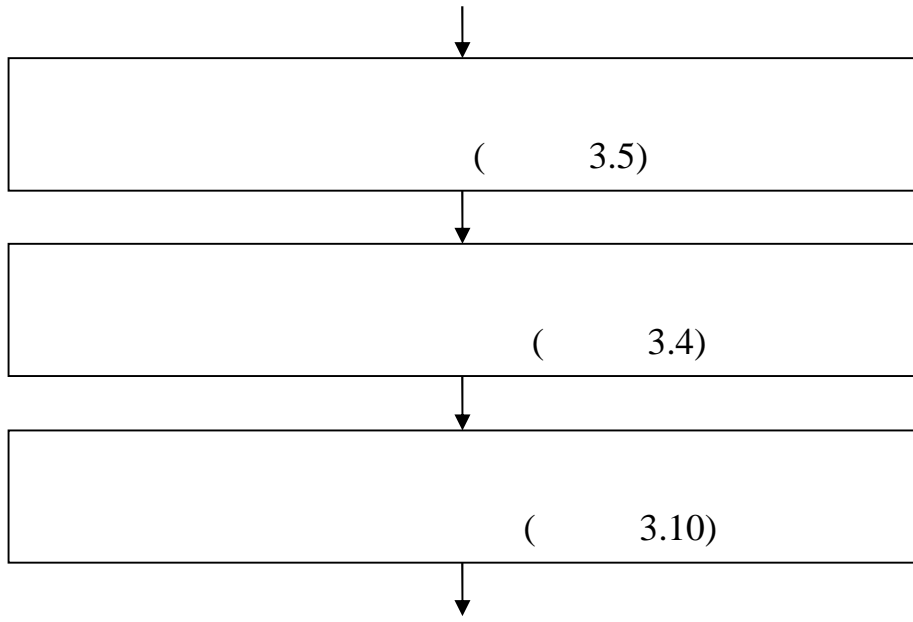
3.5

3.4

3.10

,

.



3.2 –

3.4

- 1.
- (. 3.3).
- 2.
- 3.

(,)

4.

5.

- 1) 0.05 . 3.4 – 3.7,
 - 2) 0.1 – . 3.8 – 3.11,
 - 3) 0.25 – . 3.12 – 3.15.
- (. 3.16).





3.4 –

0.05



3.5 –

(3.4),



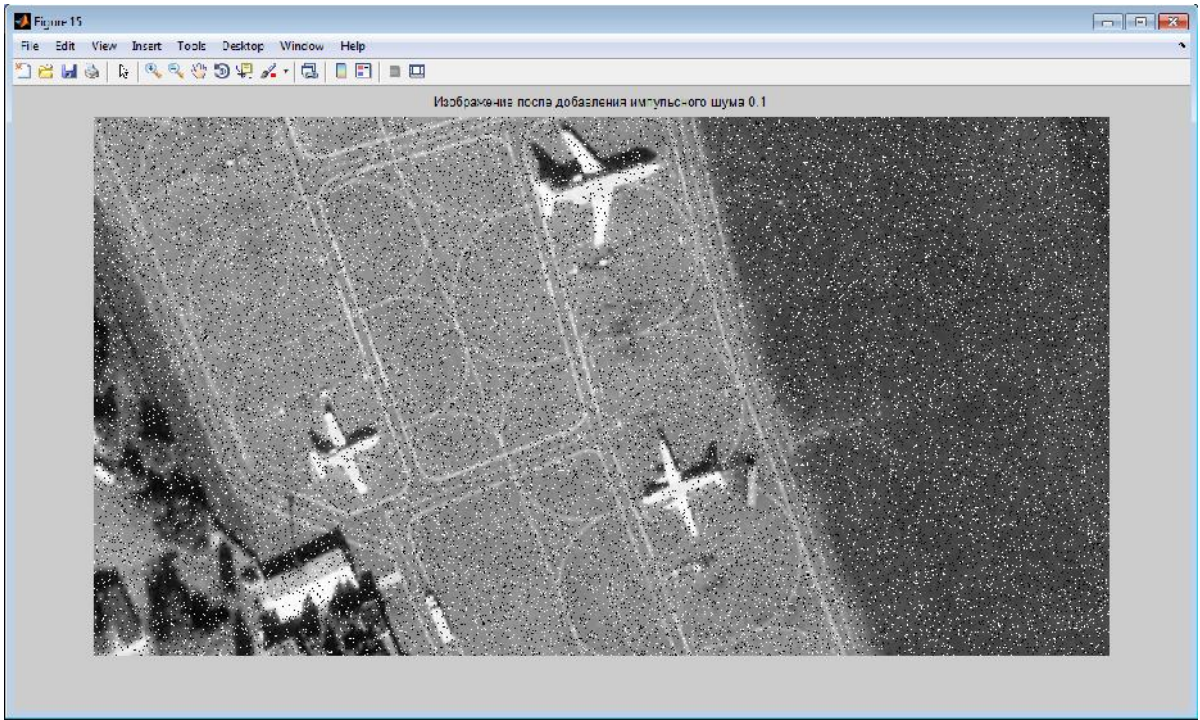
3.6 –

(3.4),



3.7 –

(3.4),



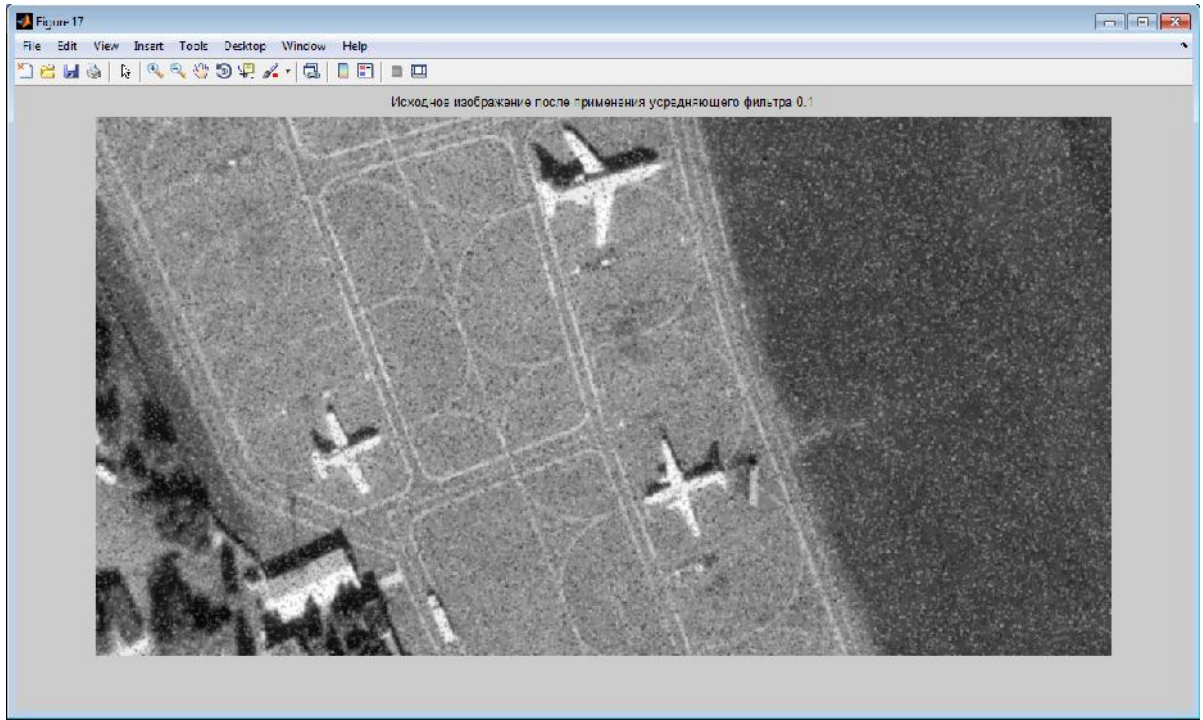
3.8 –

0.1



3.9 –

(3.8),



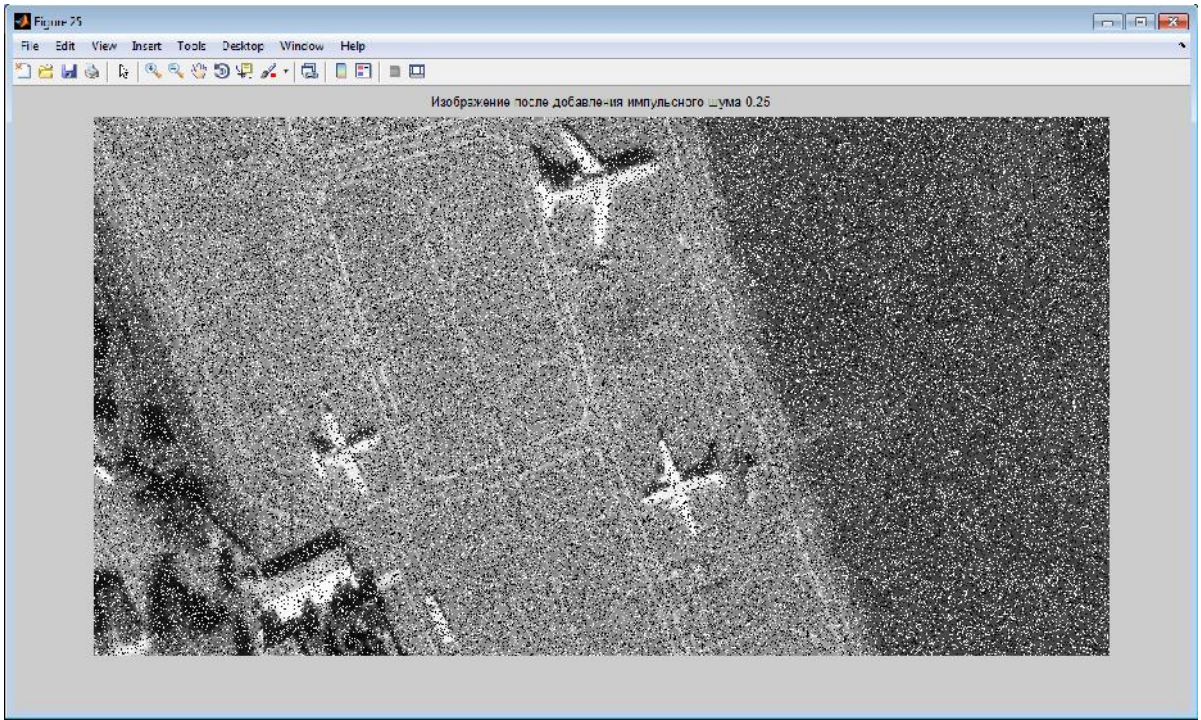
3.10 –

(. 3.8),



3.11 –

(. 3.8),



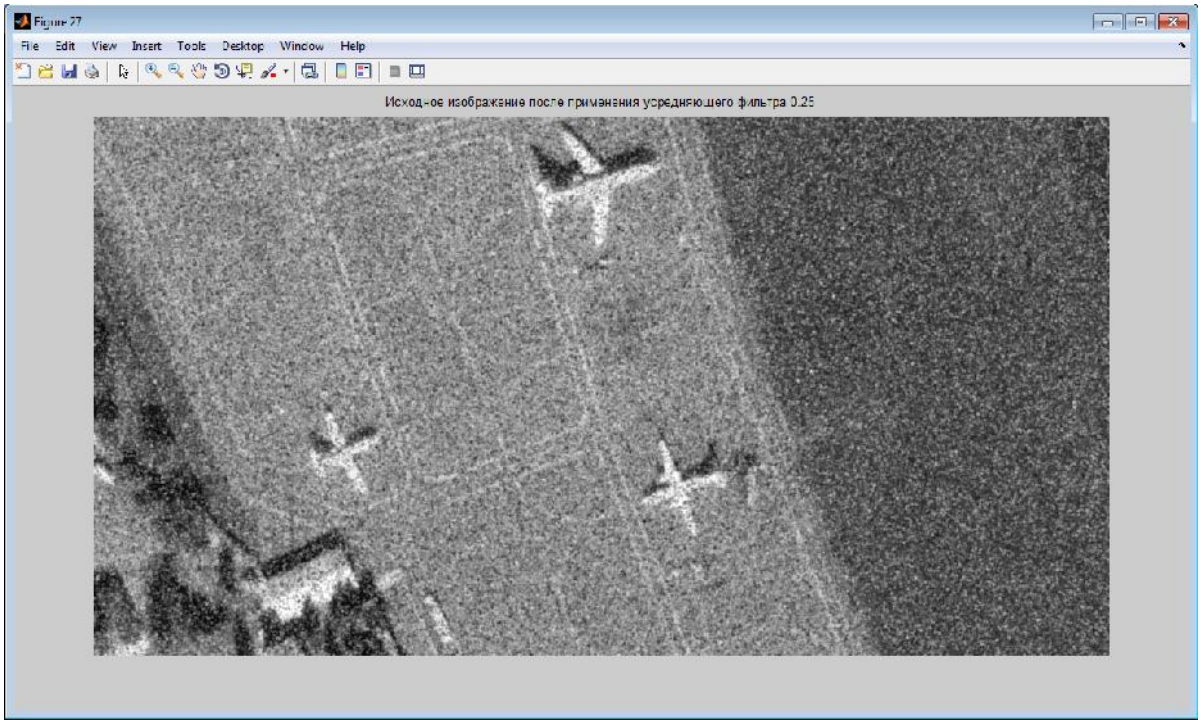
3.12 –

0.25



3.13 –

(3.12),



3.14 –

(. 3.12),



3.15 –

(. 3.12),

0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	12	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	31	25	27	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	55	29	32	3	0	0	0	0	0
28	53	27	32	7	3	0	0	0	0
26	28	0	3	6	5	6	5	0	12
1	4	0	4	7	11	14	11	0	22
1	28	24	29	29	52	54	33	4	34
0	26	27	29	30	54	84	60	28	16
1	53	53	55	30	55	84	61	33	5
3	26	25	26	2	0	28	32	33	4
4	26	28	27	29	28	27	2	1	2
1	0	2	0	31	30	27	0	1	2
0	0	0	0	28	30	26	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	4
17	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6

3.16 –

– , .

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, 1%

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$T(n)$

(n)

n ,

n^2 , –

$3 \cdot n$.

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