

(61166, . . . , 14, . . . . (057) 70-21-436)  
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The paper describes the main mechanisms of transition to instability and chaos in the model of coexistence of two fairly numerous species in a closed range and algorithms for their numerical analysis that are necessary for solving the problem.

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \ll & \quad \gg - \\ 2) \ll & \quad \gg - \\ & , \\ dx/dt = & rx - \gamma_1 xy, \\ dy/dt \equiv & -sy + \gamma_2 xy, \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$r, s, \gamma_1, \gamma_2 = \dots ; x = \dots ; y = \dots$$

(1)

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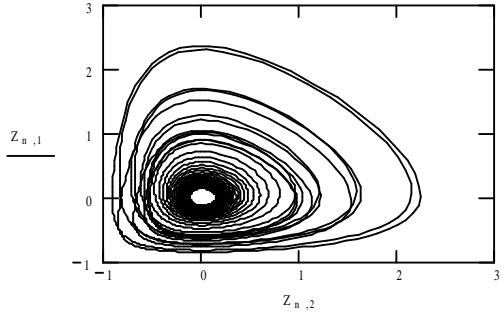
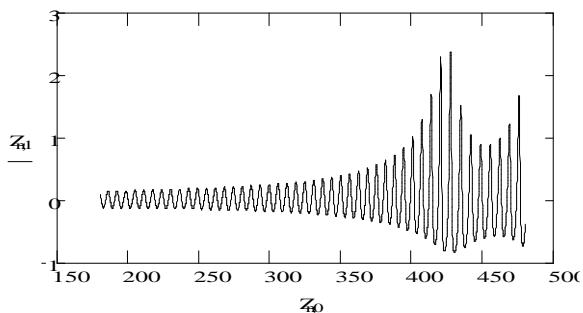
[3].

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= rx - \gamma_1 xy, \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -S(t)y + \gamma_2 xy + n \cos \Omega t. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$S(t) = s\left(1 + \frac{n}{s} \cos \Omega t\right); \quad \Omega =$$

(4),  $n = 0$

Z<sub>n2</sub> -



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$$\lambda_1^*, \lambda_2^*$$

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11. Nasritdinov G., Dalimov R.T. Limit cycle, trophic function and the dynamics of intersectoral interaction // Current Research J. of Economic Theory. 2010. 2(2). . 32–40.